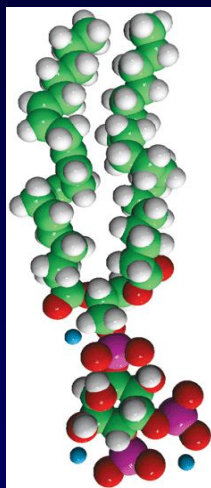


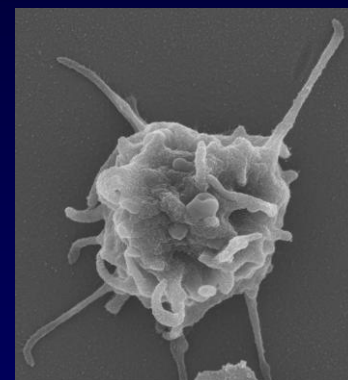
Les phosphoinositides: des lipides intégrateurs de la dynamique cellulaire

*27^{ème} Séminaire Pédagogique CNBBMM:
Lipides, signalisation et physiopathologie
Anglet 19-21 Mai 2015*



PI(4,5)P2

B. Payrastre et collègues
INSERM U1048, I2MC,
Toulouse, France



Activated mouse platelet



Phosphoinositides et transduction du signal

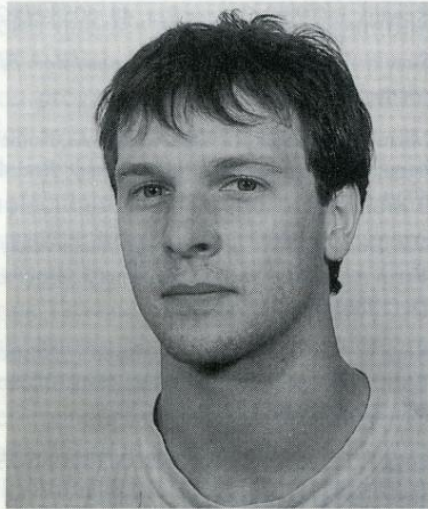
Bernard Payraastre, Monique Plantavid et Hugues Chap.

INSERM Unité 326, Hôpital Purpan

31059 Toulouse Cedex.

Regard sur la Biochimie 1992

Les auteurs



Bernard Payraastre

Docteur Bernard Payraastre, chercheur post-doctoral à l'Unité INSERM 326.



Monique Plantavid

Docteur Monique Plantavid, maître de conférence, praticien hospitalier



Hugues Chap

Professeur Hugues Chap, directeur de l'Unité INSERM 326

Merci Hugues pour la puissance et l'élégance de la démarche de recherche, toujours lumineuse, que vous su nous révéler et que nous avons suivi tels de petits poissons qui suivent le maître dans sa remontée vers les sources des mécanismes du vivant, depuis la physiopathologie, la biochimie et jusqu'à la chimie des molécules.

LA DEPECHE DU MIDI
FOOTBALL



AURIAC SUR VENDINELLE

*H. Chap emmène son équipe
vers les sommets*



« la Faculté est la conscience du CHU »



INSTITUT EPICURIEN DU LIPIDE
(Dir Pr H. Chap)

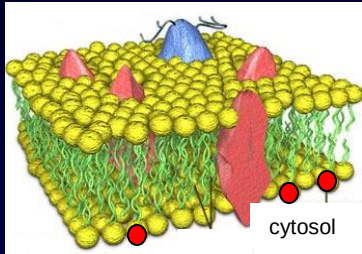
Toulouse, France



**Le Professeur Hugues CHAP devant ses
étudiants qu'il emmène vers les sommets. Un
humaniste au parcours impressionnant, au
service de la faculté et de son excellence.**

Phosphoinositides are minor constituents of cell membranes with a highly dynamic metabolism

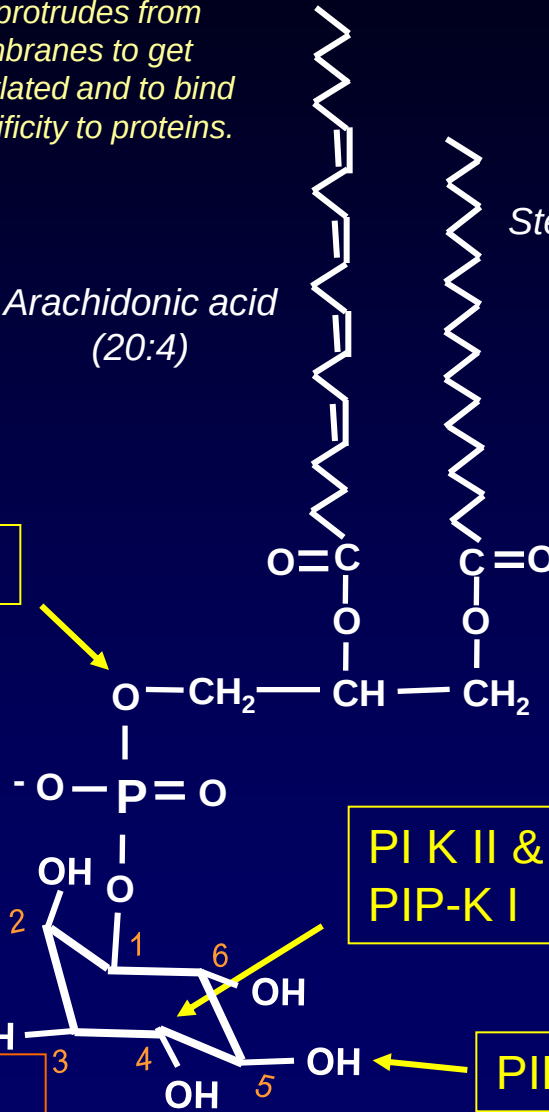
In general their head group protrudes from the cytosolic leaflet of membranes to get phosphorylated/dephosphorylated and to bind with various affinity and specificity to proteins.



Arachidonic acid
(20:4)

Stearic acid
(18:0)

PLC

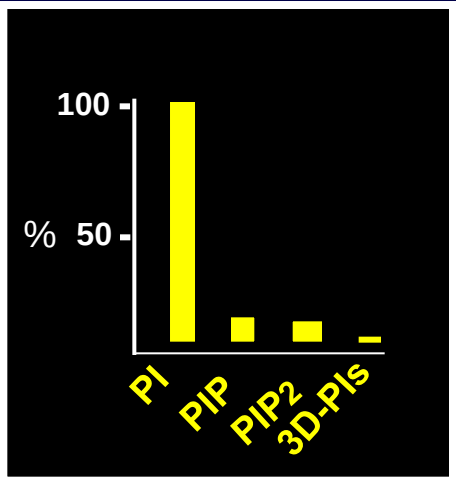


PI K II & III
PIP-K I

PI 3-K
Class I, II & III

PIP-K II

Relative amounts
of phosphoinositides



The PI cycle in the seventies/eighties

USA 1969

M. & L. Hokin
R. Dawson
J. Folch



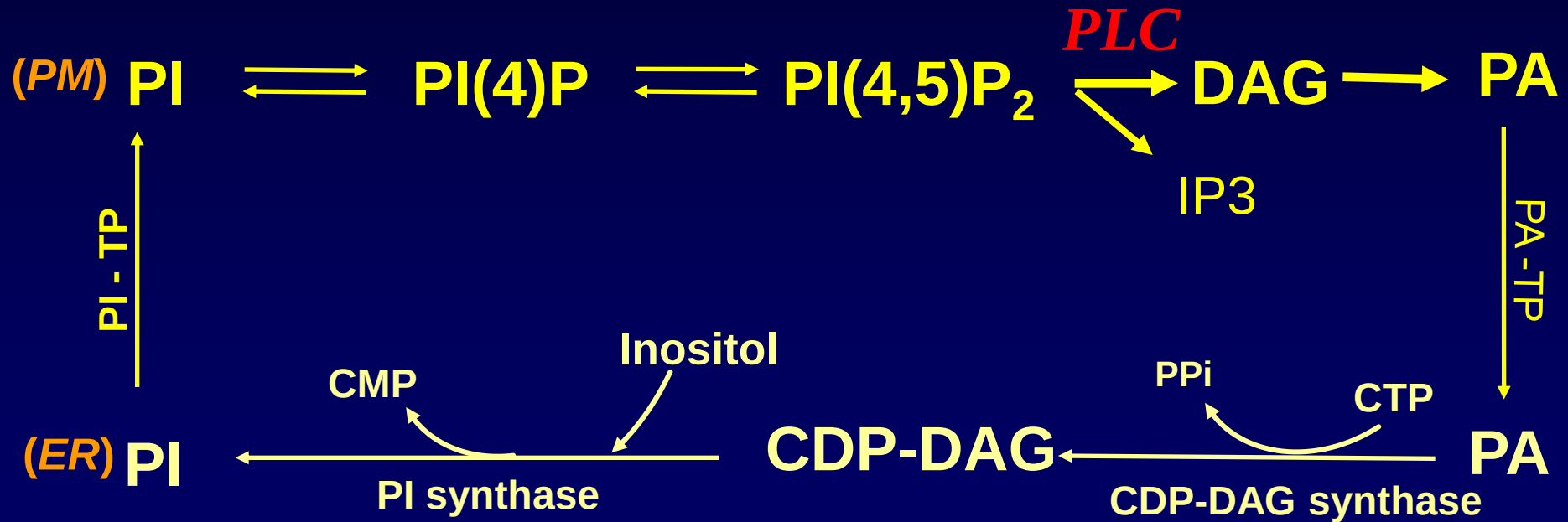
UK 1979

M. Berridge
R.H. Michell
R. Irvine



Japan 80's

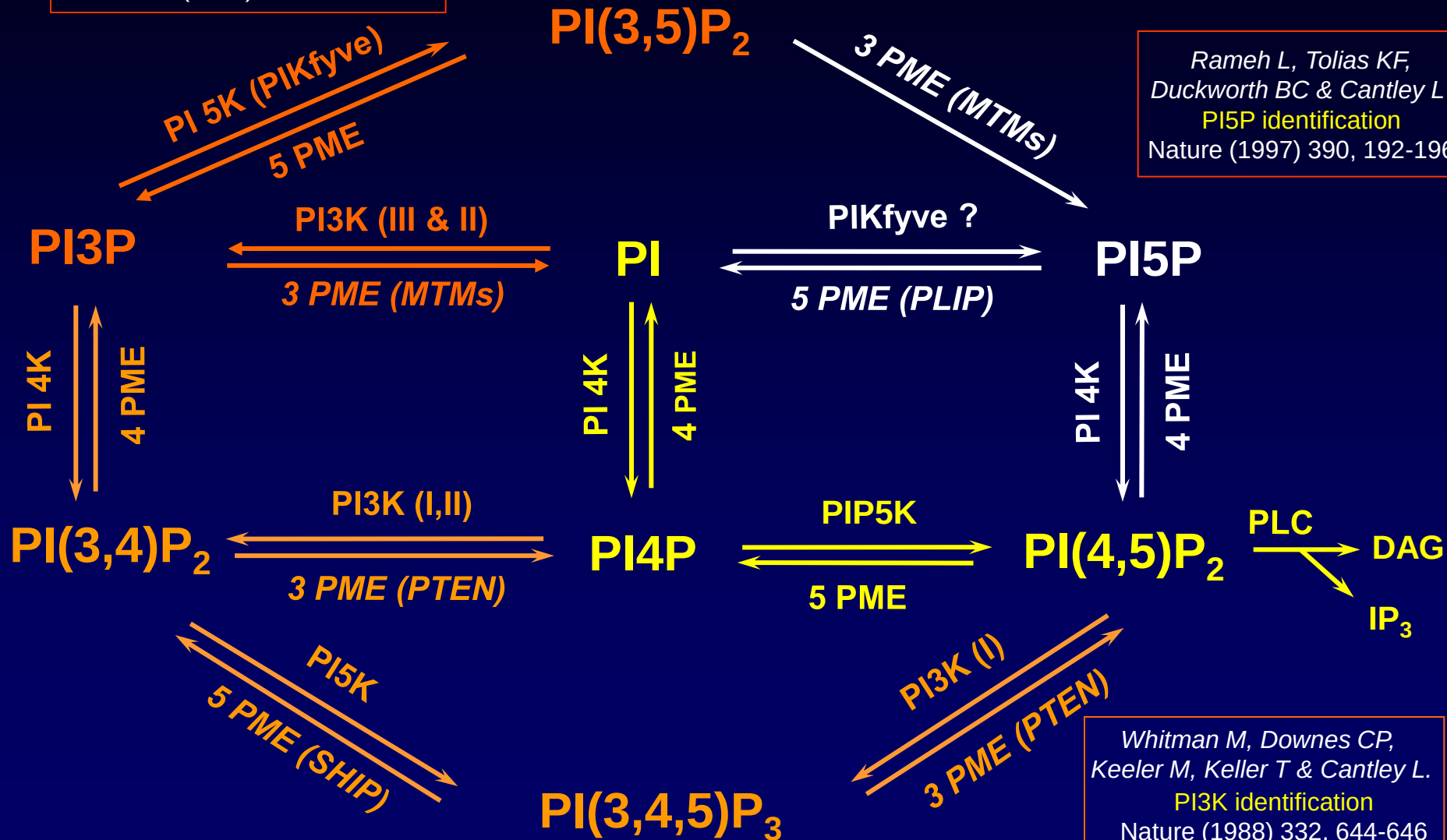
Y. Nishizuka
K. Mikoshiba



Various pathways of phosphoinositide synthesis and interconversions

Dove et al. PI(3,5)P₂
pathway identification
Nature (1997) 390, 187-192

Rameh L, Tolias KF,
Duckworth BC & Cantley L
PI5P identification
Nature (1997) 390, 192-196

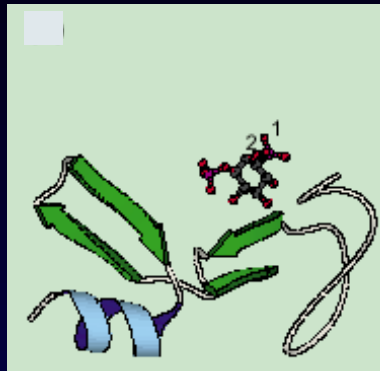


Whitman M, Downes CP,
Keeler M, Keller T & Cantley L.
PI3K identification
Nature (1988) 332, 644-646

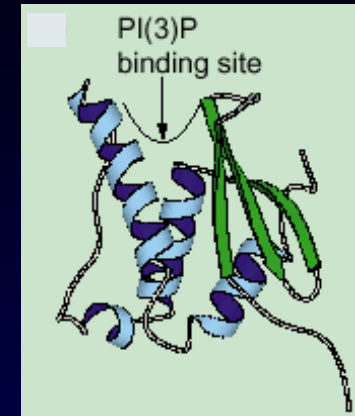
Phosphoinositide binding domains



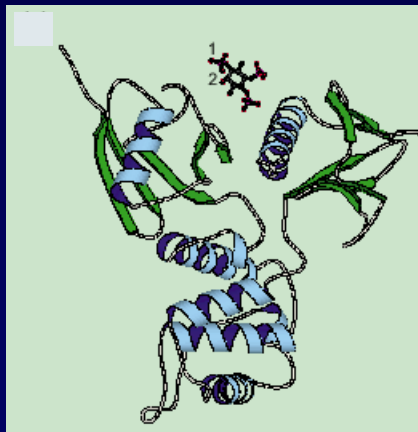
PIP3-binding **PH** domain
from Grp1



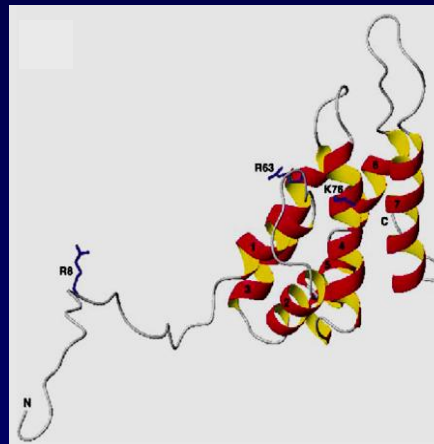
PI(3)P-binding **FYVE** domain
from EEA1



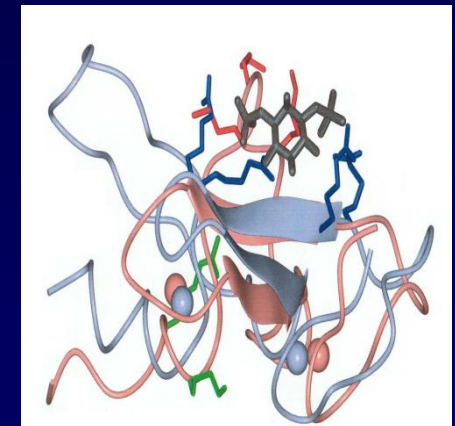
PI(3)P-binding **PX** domain
from p47phox



PIP2-binding **FERM** domain
from radixin

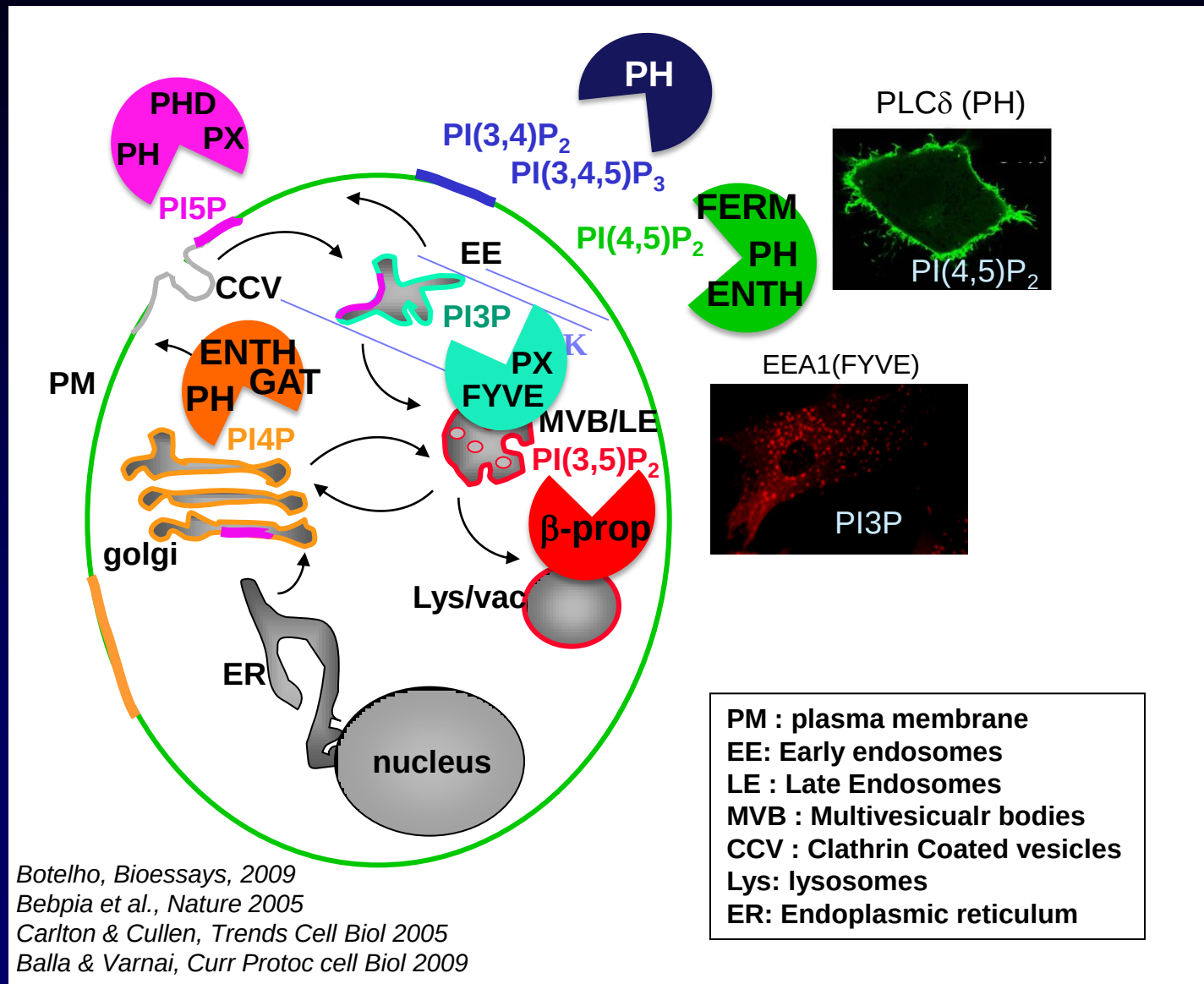


PIP2-binding **ENTH** domain
from epsin

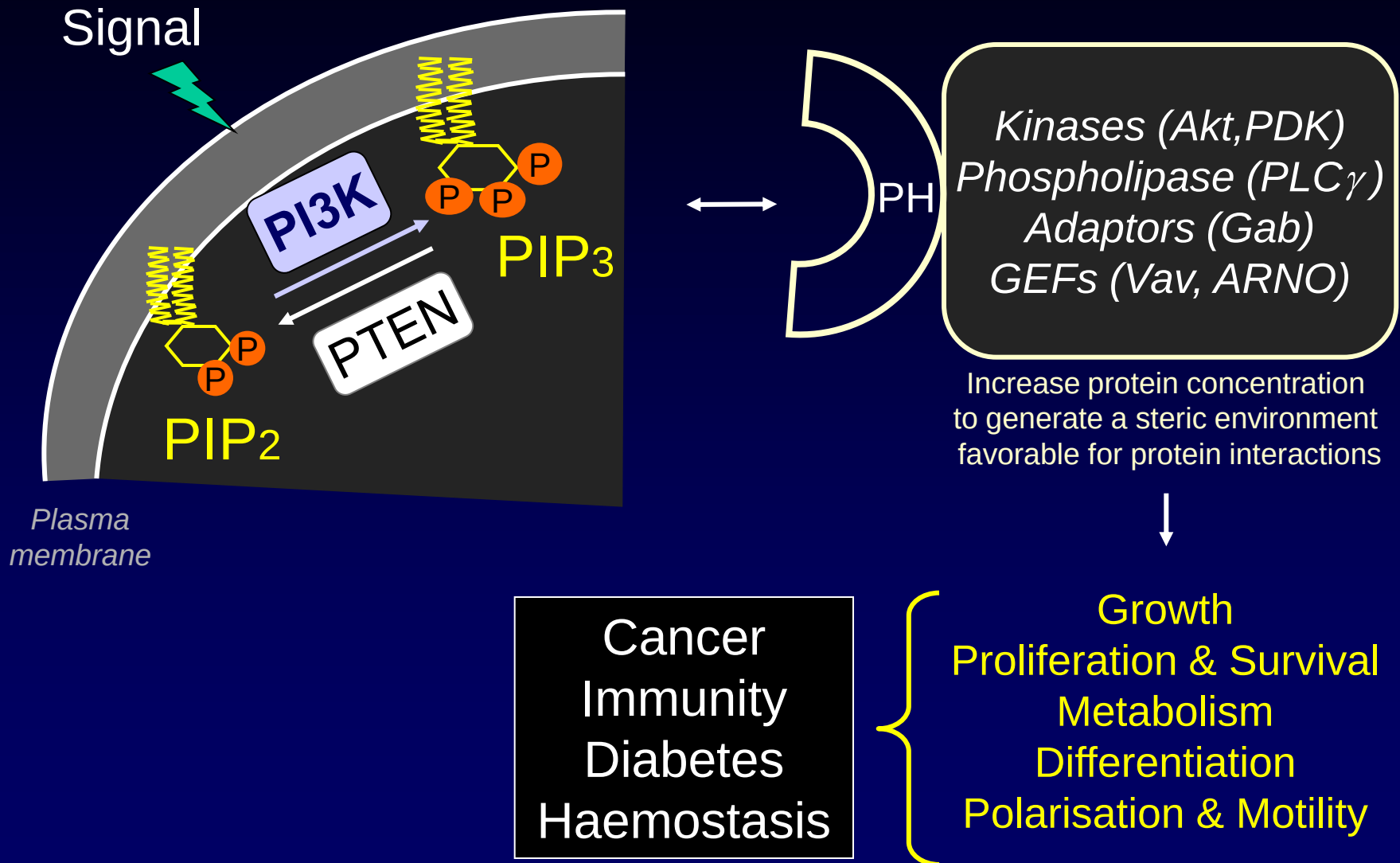


PI5P-binding domain
PHD from ING2

Localization of phosphoinositides with specific probes : do phosphoinositides define organelle identity ?



A critical role for Class I PI3Ks and PI(3,4,5)P₃ in cell regulation



Phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K) : from discovery to targeting in cancer therapy

1985

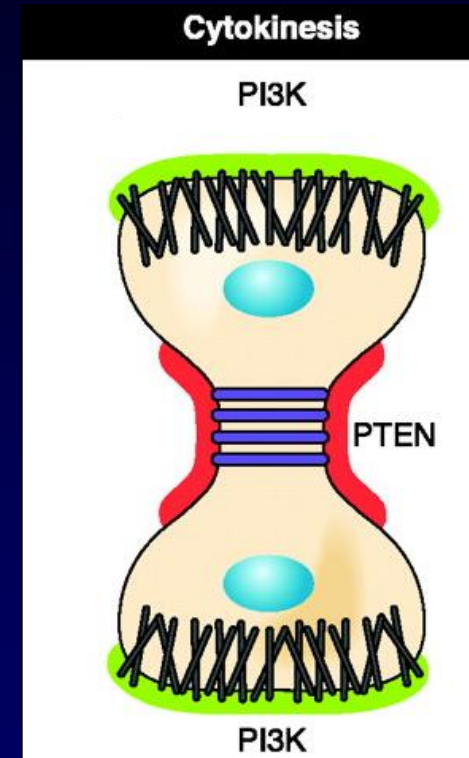
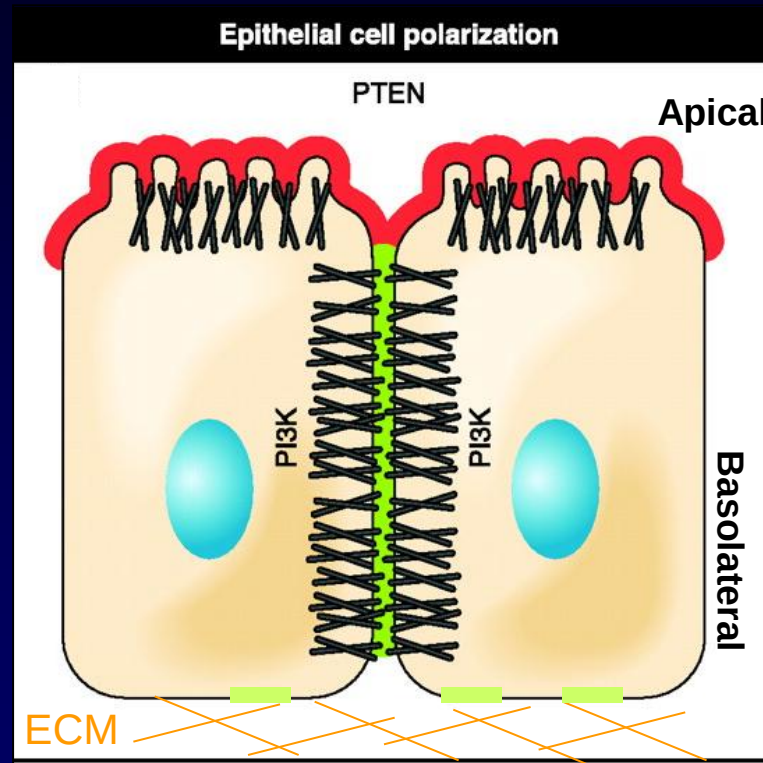
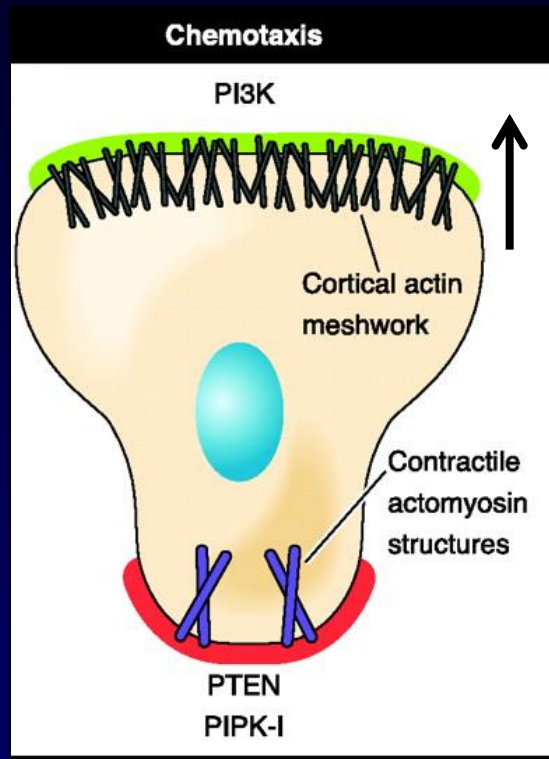
- Unknown phosphoinositide kinase associated with the polyoma middle T protein
- PI3-kinase is activated and produces $PI(3,4,5)P_3$ in response to growth factors and oncogenes
- Cloning and characterization of the different Class I PI3-kinases and, later on, of Class II and III PI 3-kinases
- Multiple roles of the different PI3-kinases in cell biology
- Identification of oncogenic mutations in PI3-kinase α in various cancers
- First PI 3-kinase (δ) selective inhibitor in clinic (Idelalisib - approval by the FDA on July 2014 for CLL and B cell lymphomas)

2014

L. Cantley / M. Waterfield / P. Vogt/ B. Vanhaesebroeck / E.Hirsch

Phosphoinositides in the dynamics of cell organization and polarity

➡ The regulation and localization of PI-kinases and -phosphatases is critical to ensure adequate cell response to environmental cues.

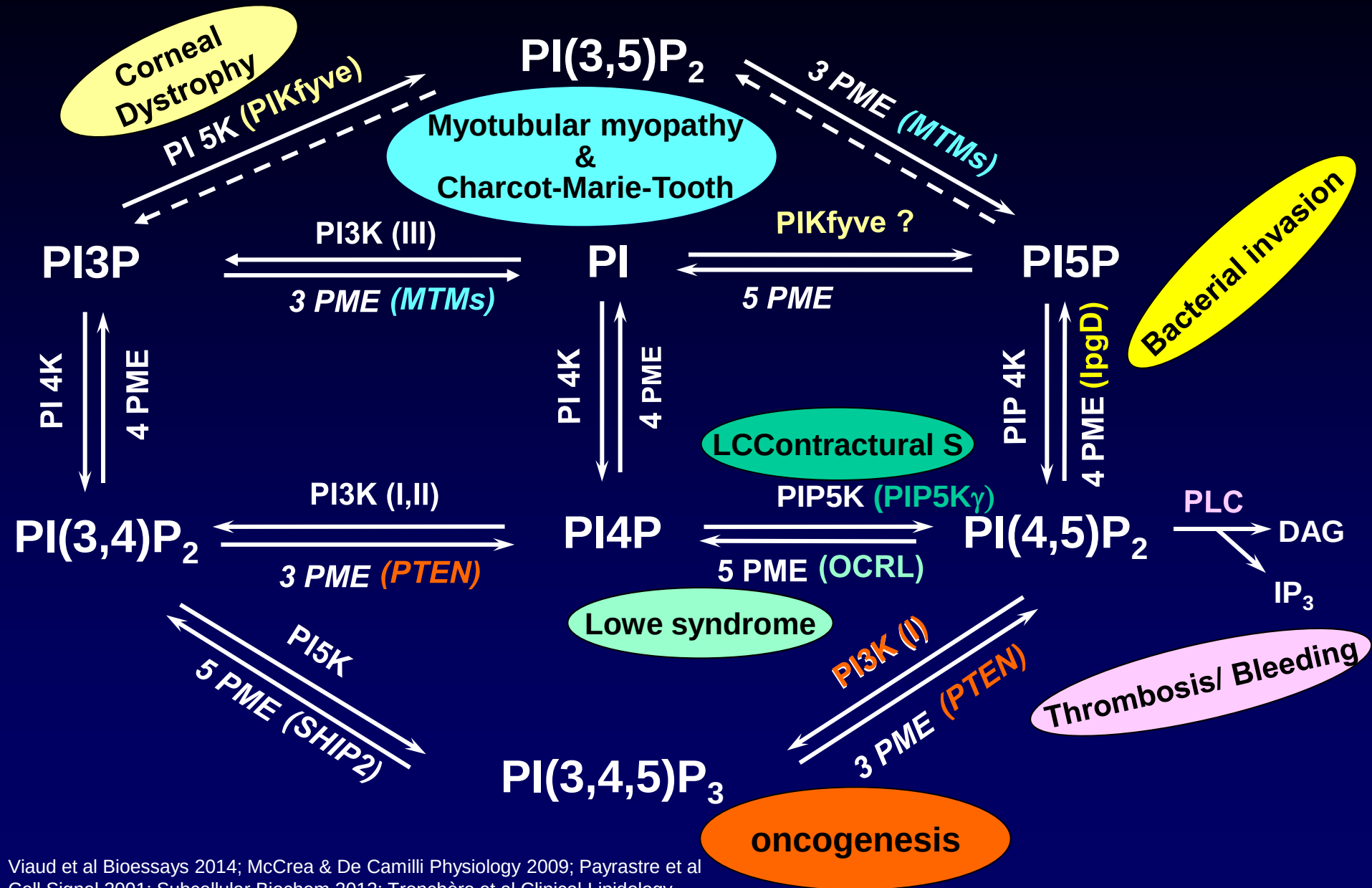


Legend

■ PI(3,4,5)P₃ ■ PI(4,5)P₂

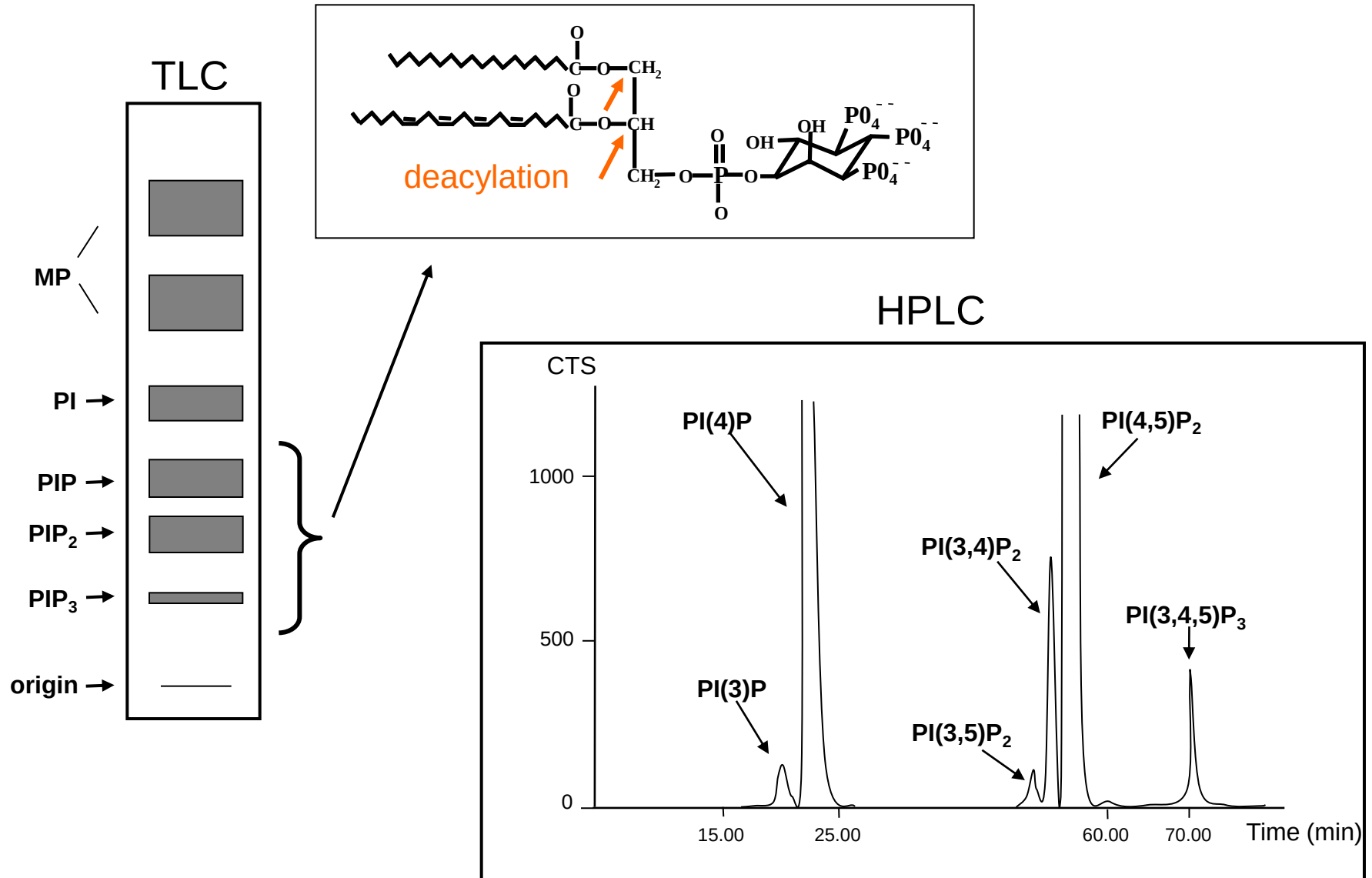
Di Paolo & Camilli, Nature Rev 2006
Sasaki et al., Progress Lipid Res 2009
Gassama & Payrastre, Int Rev Cell Mol Biol 2009
Saarikangas et al., Physiol Reviews 2010

Phosphoinositide metabolism and human diseases



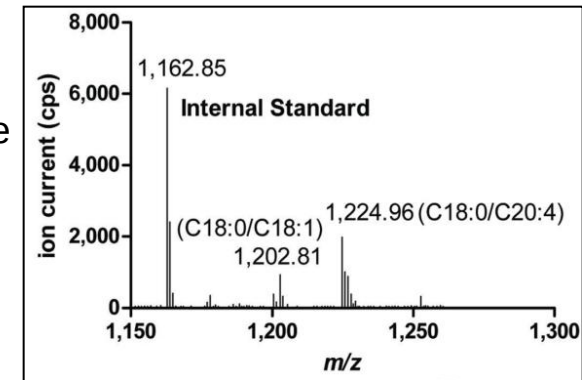
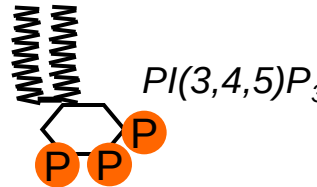
Analysis of phosphoinositides: a specialized lipid biochemistry

➡ Isotopic labelling (^3H -inositol or ^{32}P) followed by TLC and HPLC techniques :



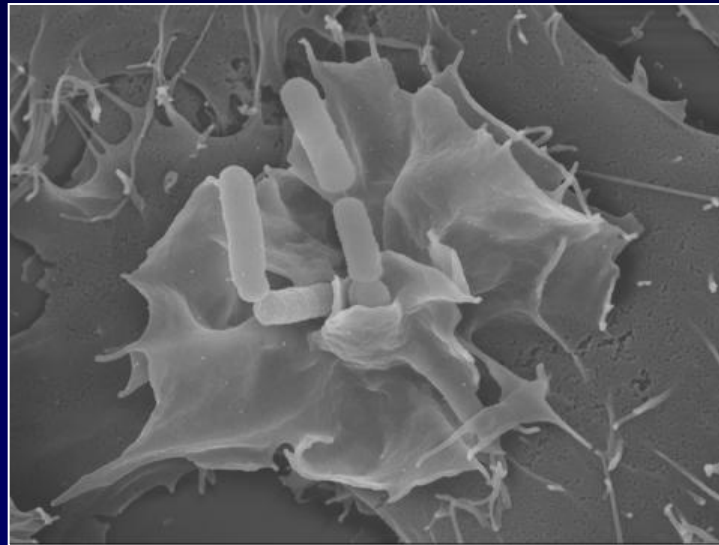
Development of new methods to analyze phosphoinositides

- ⇒ **Mass spectrometry method to measure PI, PIP, PIP₂ and PI(3,4,5)P₃** (Collaboration L. Stephens/P. Hawkins, Cambridge and the I2MC lipidomic platform)



- ⇒ **Specific mass assay to quantify PI3P** (Chicanne et al. Biochem J 2012 and patent Inserm-Transfert WO2014023436A1)
- ⇒ **PLIF: a new rapid and efficient method to study lipid-protein interactions and screen for inhibitors** (Viaud et al. article and patent in prep.)

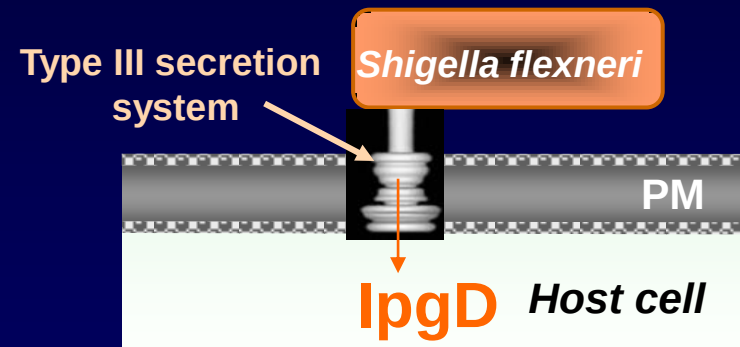
The bacterial pathogen *Shigella flexneri* uses PI5P to hijack the signaling machinery of host cell and establish its virulence



The *Shigella flexneri* effector IpgD is a PI-phosphatase

The *Shigella flexneri* effector IpgD has a motif related to the active site of mammalian phosphoinositide phosphatases

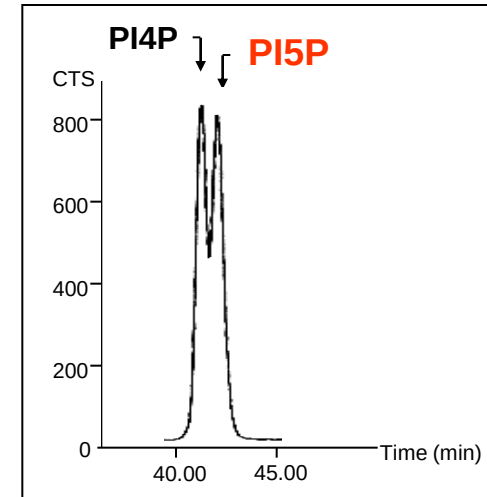
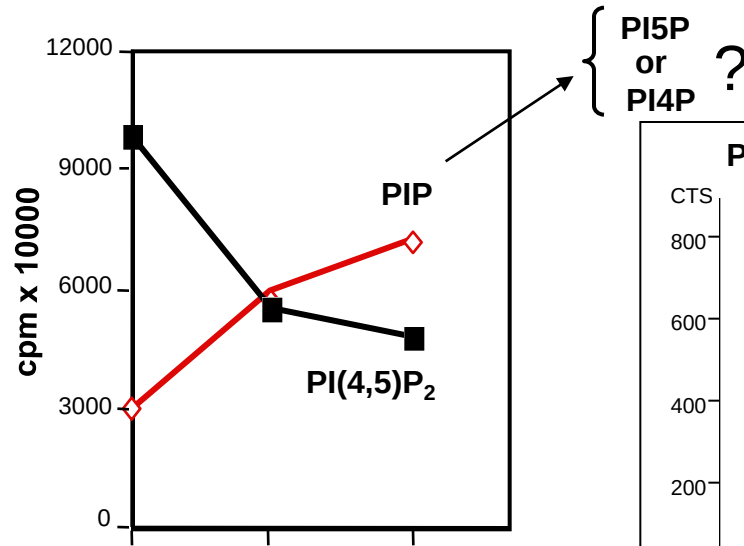
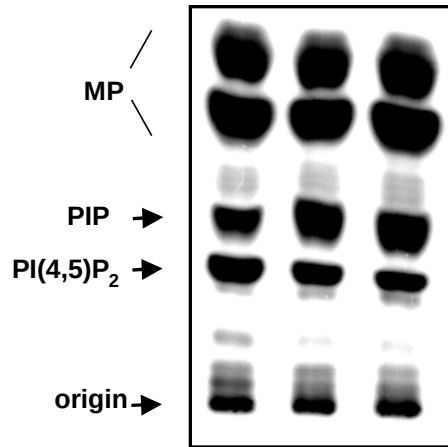
IpgD	PCWNCKSGKDRTGMQDAEIKREIRK
PTEN	AAIHCKAGKGRTGVMICAYLLHRGKF
MTM1	VLVHCSDGWDRTAQLTSLAML-M-LD
MTMR3	VLVHCSDGWDRTQPIVALAKL-L-LD



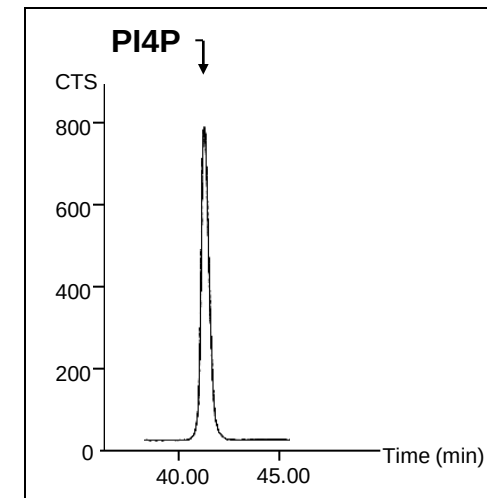
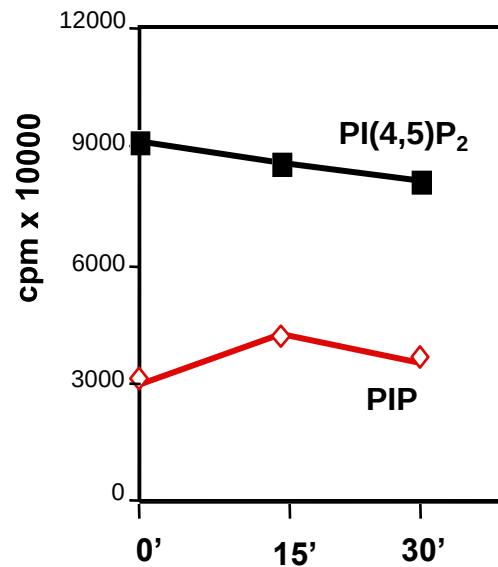
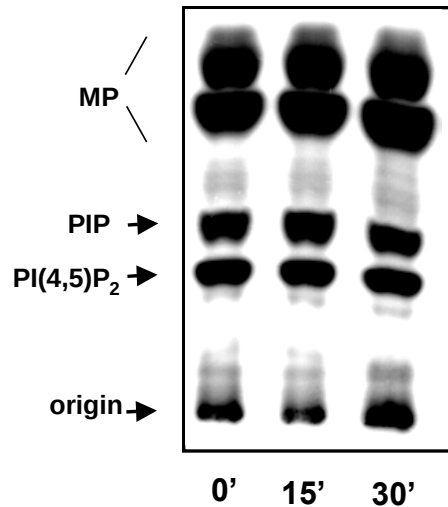
➡ The IpgD^{C438S} is an inactive phosphatase

IpgD-dependent PI(4,5)P₂ hydrolysis in Hela cells infected with *Shigella flexneri*

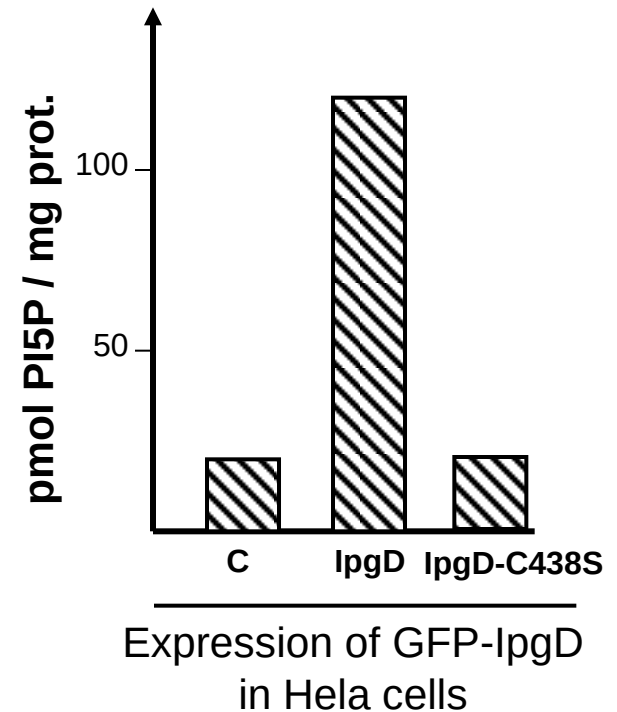
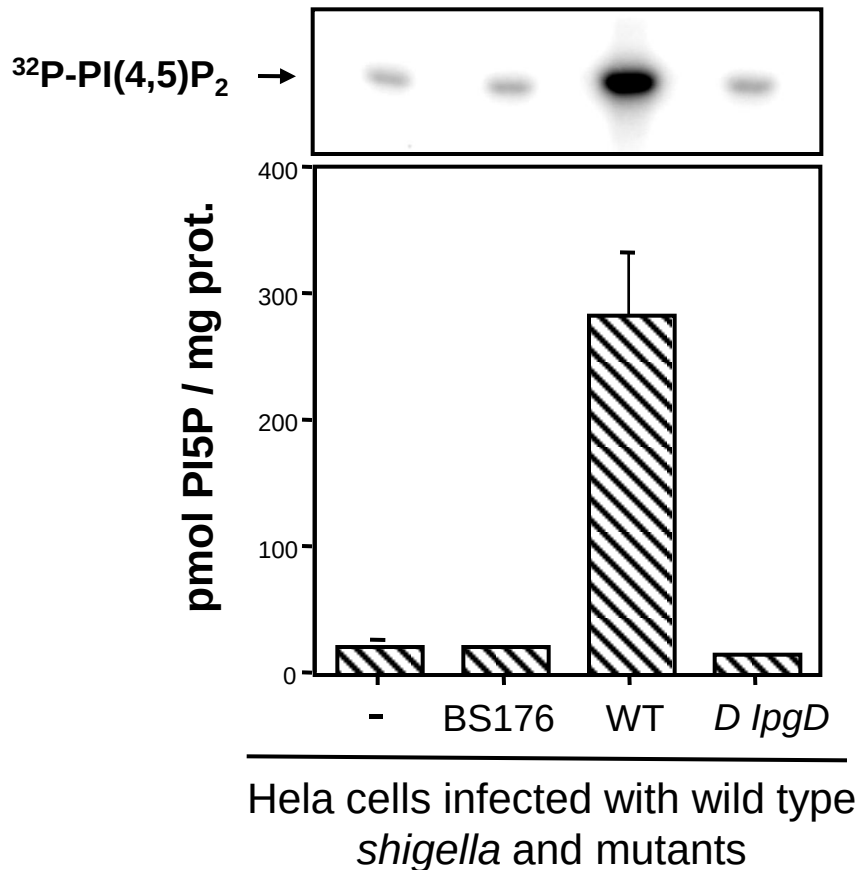
WT



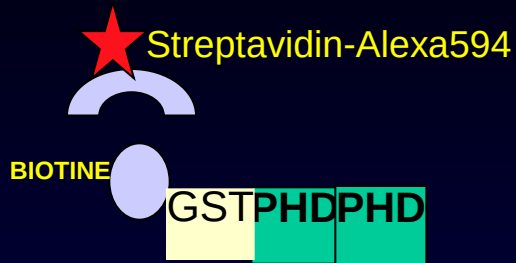
Δ IpgD



The *Shigella* effector IpgD is sufficient to increase PI5P levels in host cells



Biot-GST-2XPHD probe



PI5P is produced in host cells at the entry site of *S. flexneri*

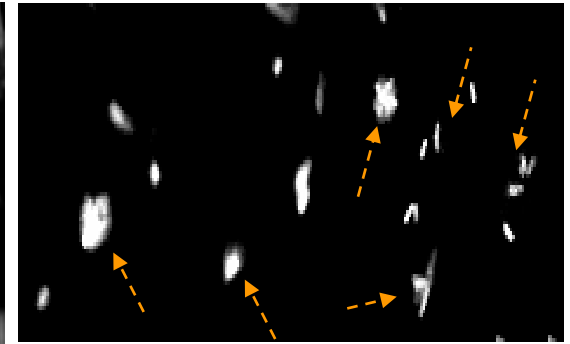
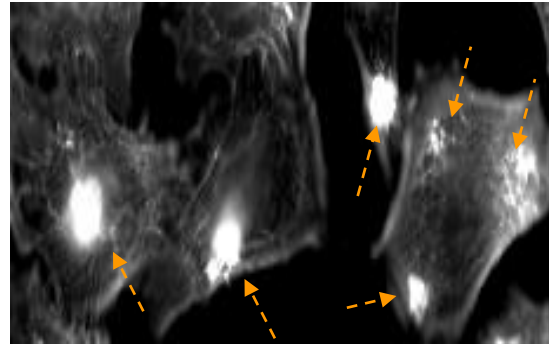
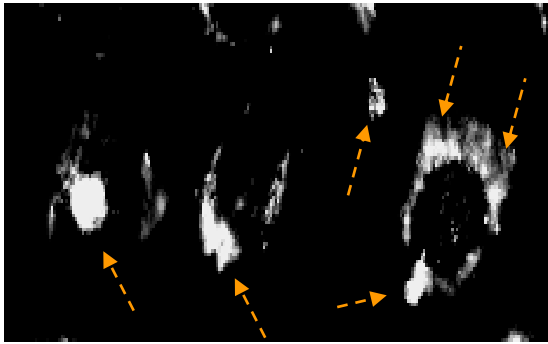
O. Gozani et al Cell 2003

PI5P
(PHDx2 biot)

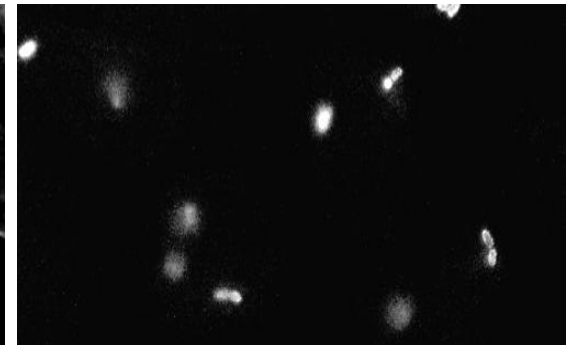
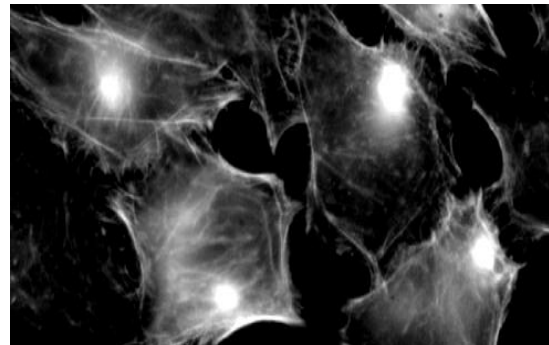
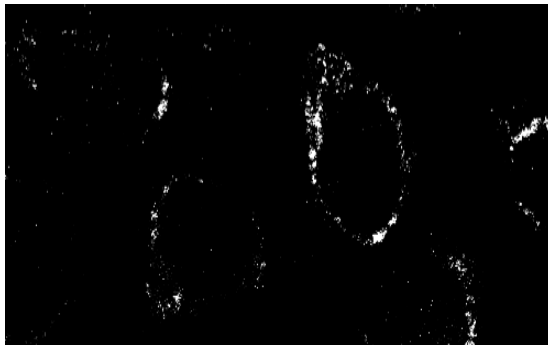
F-Actin
(Phalloidin)

Bacteria
(LPS)

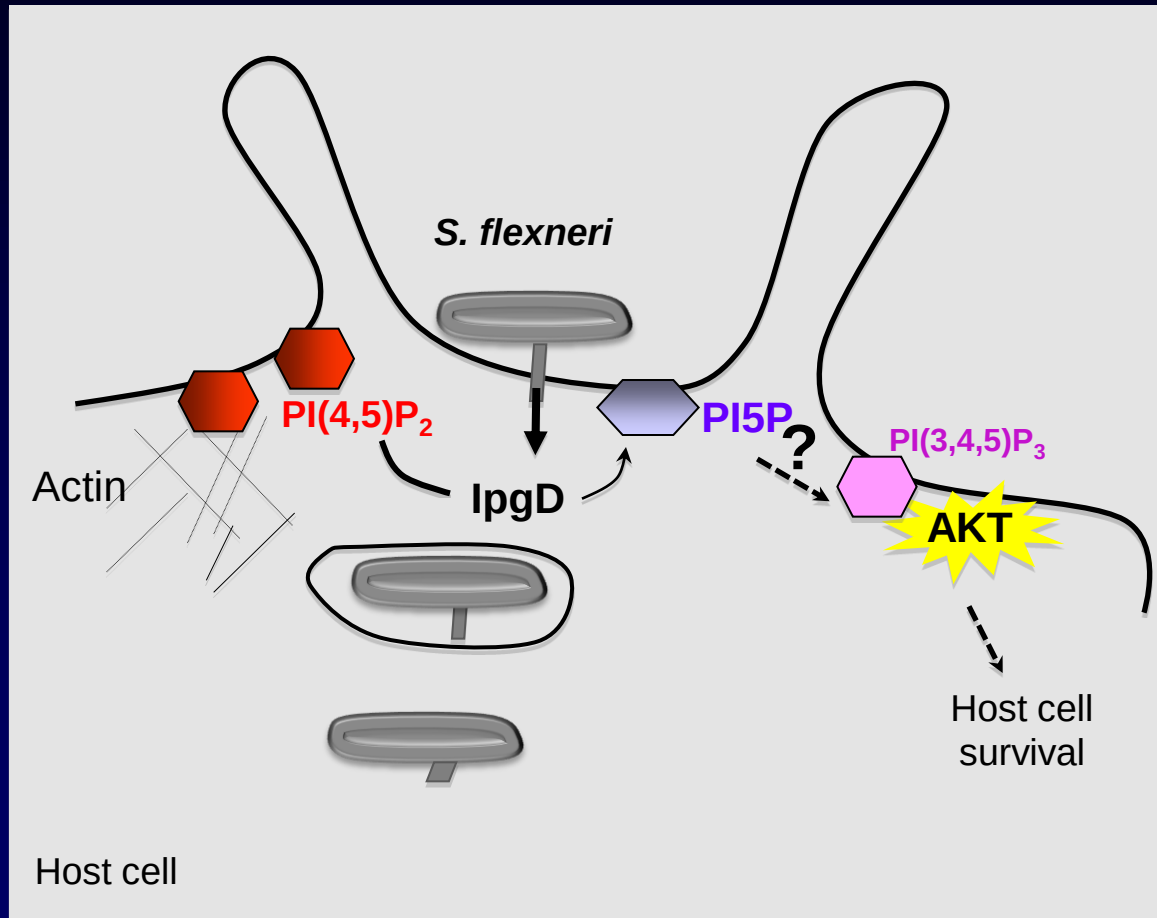
WT 10'



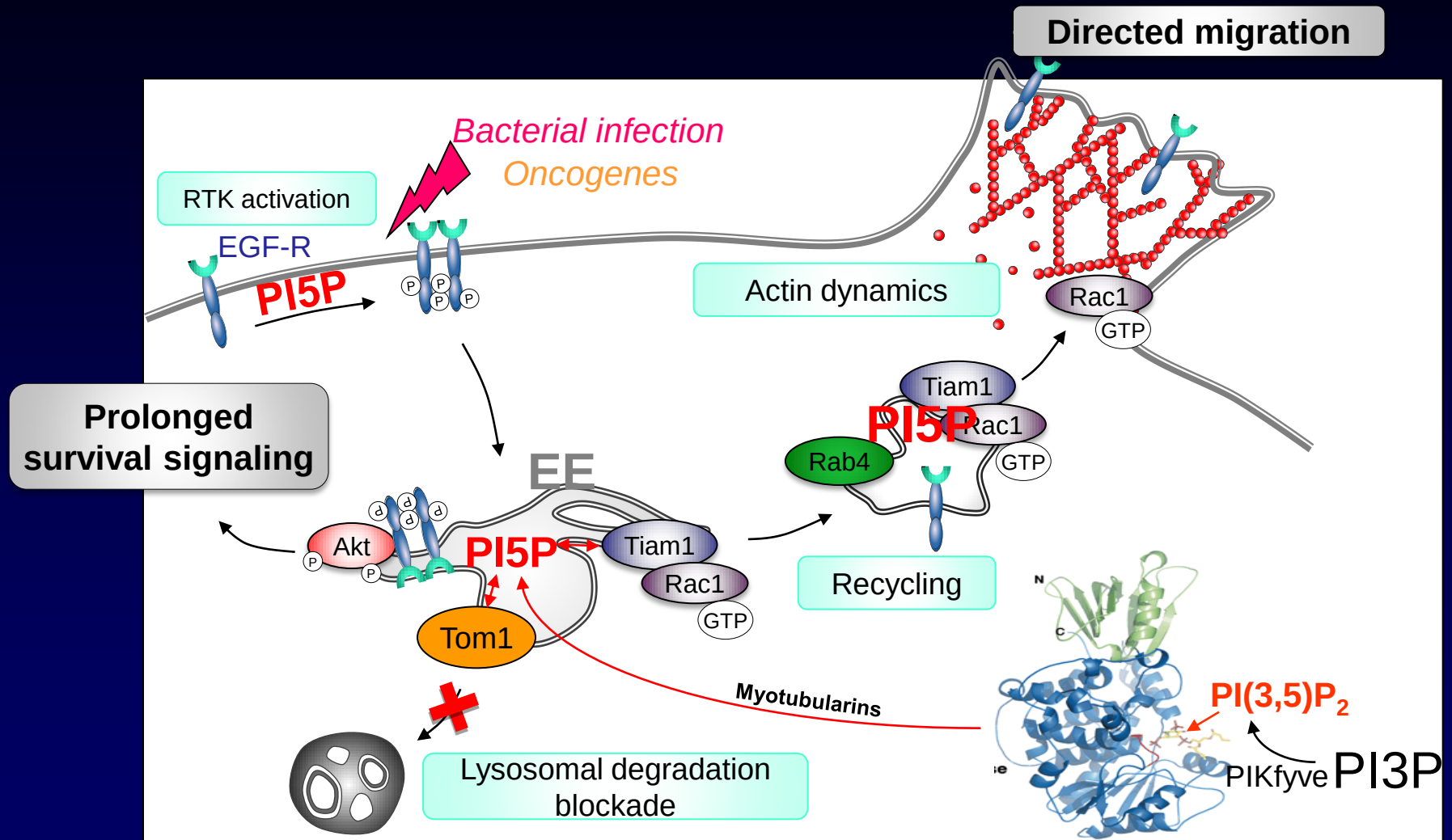
D ipgD 10'



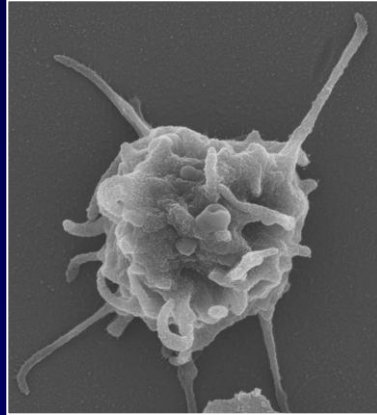
***Shigella flexneri* injects the PI-phosphatase IpgD in the host cell
through its Type III secretion system :
a model to study the role of PI5P**



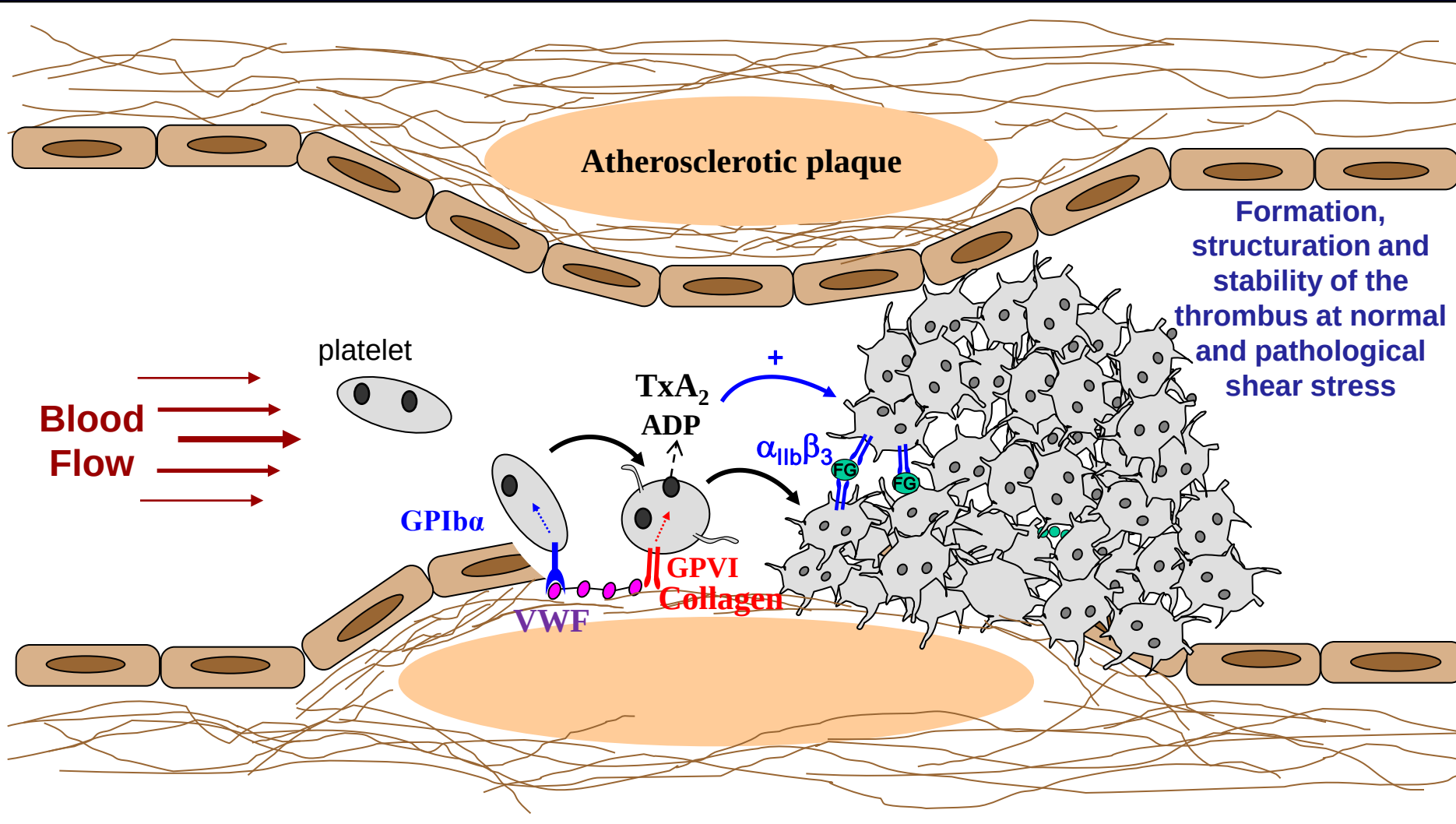
PI5P integrates membrane and cytoskeleton dynamics



A role for PI3K β in platelet functions and thrombosis



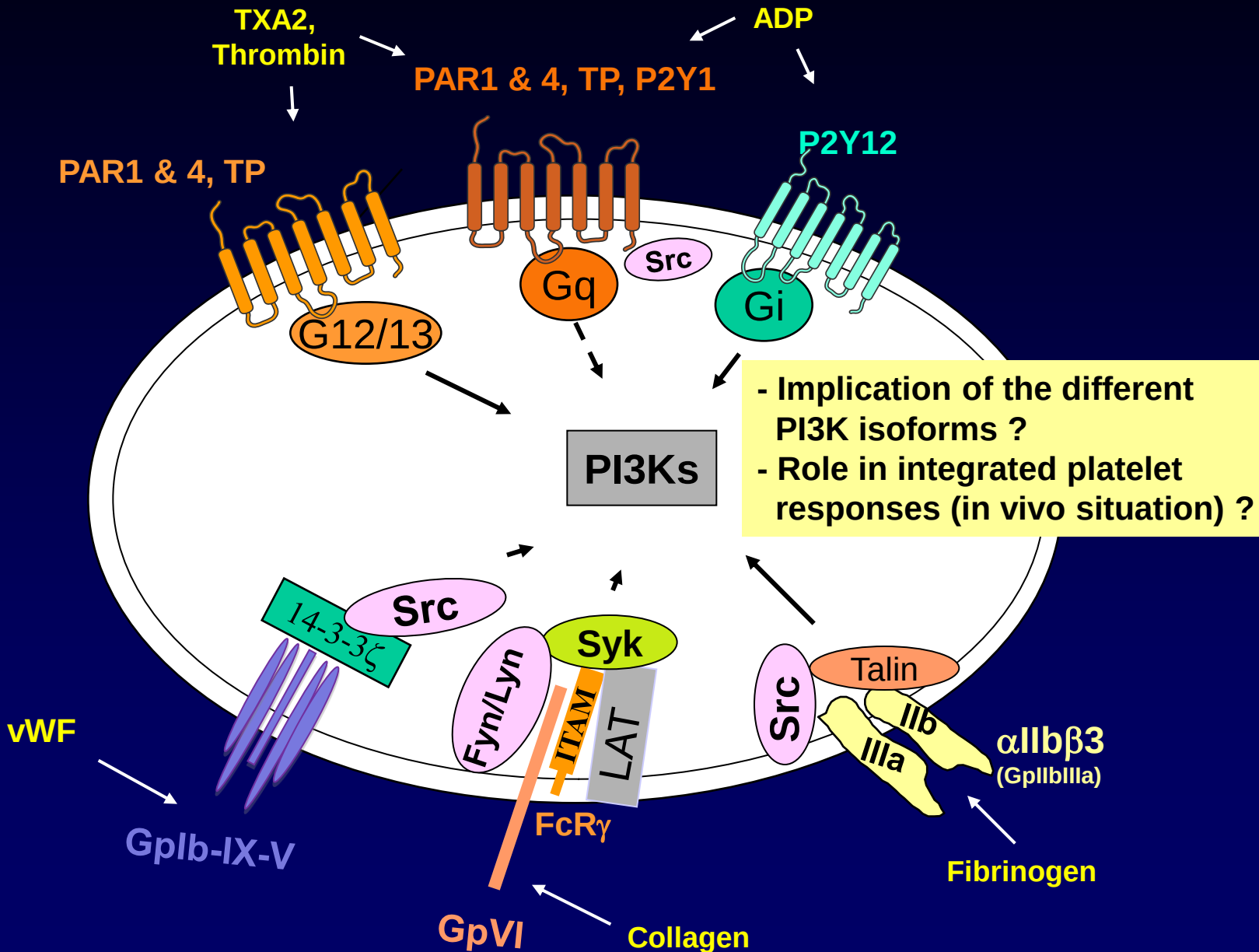
Regulation of platelet activation and thrombus formation



PI3Ks are activated downstream of most activatory human and mouse platelet receptors

Soluble agonists

Adhesive molecules



Blood platelets contain 7 different PI3Ks

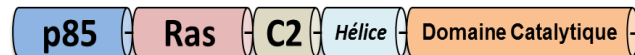


PF4Cre-p110 β ^{lox/lox}

PF4Cre-p110 α ^{lox/lox}

Class IA

p110 α, β, δ



Class IB

p110 γ



Class II

PI3KC2 α, β, γ



Class III

Vps34p



PI(3,4,5)P₃
(plasma membrane)

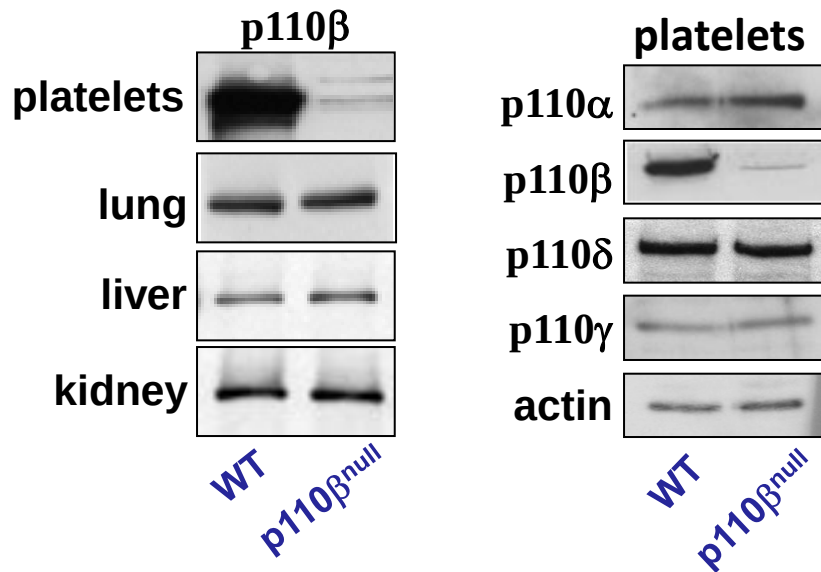
PI3P
(endosomal membranes)

Mouse model of PI3K α and β invalidation specifically in the megakaryocyte/platelet lineage



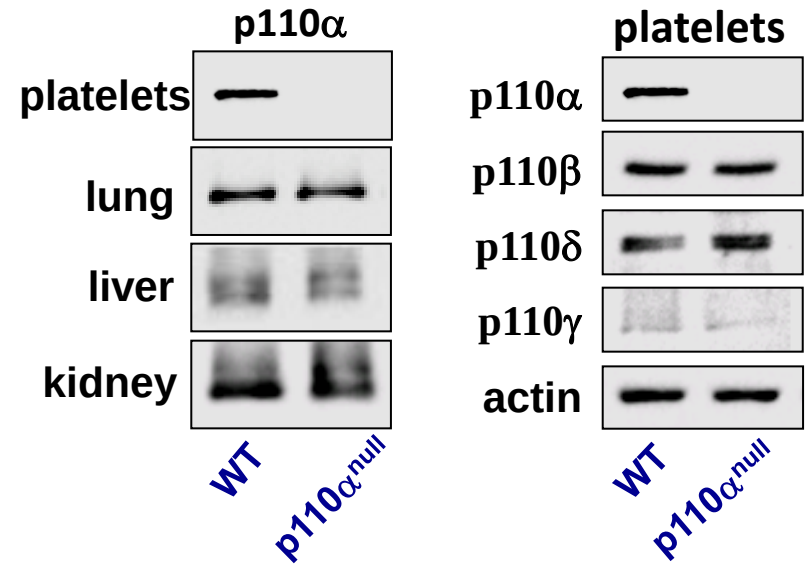
PI3K β

PF4Cre-p110 β ^{lox/lox}



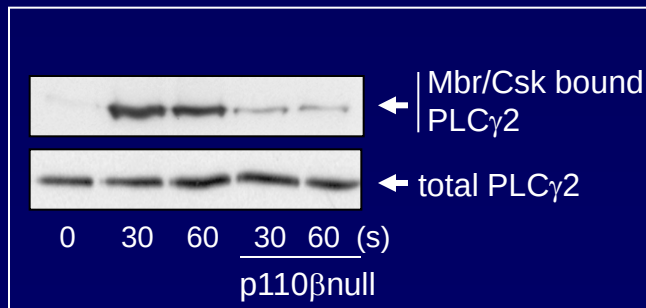
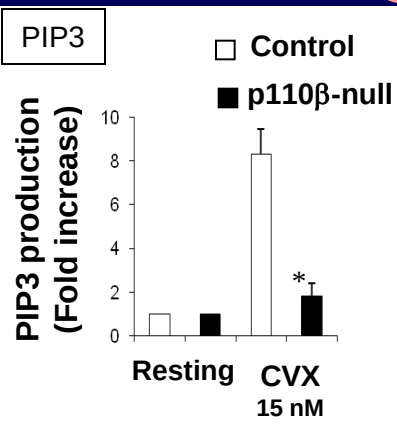
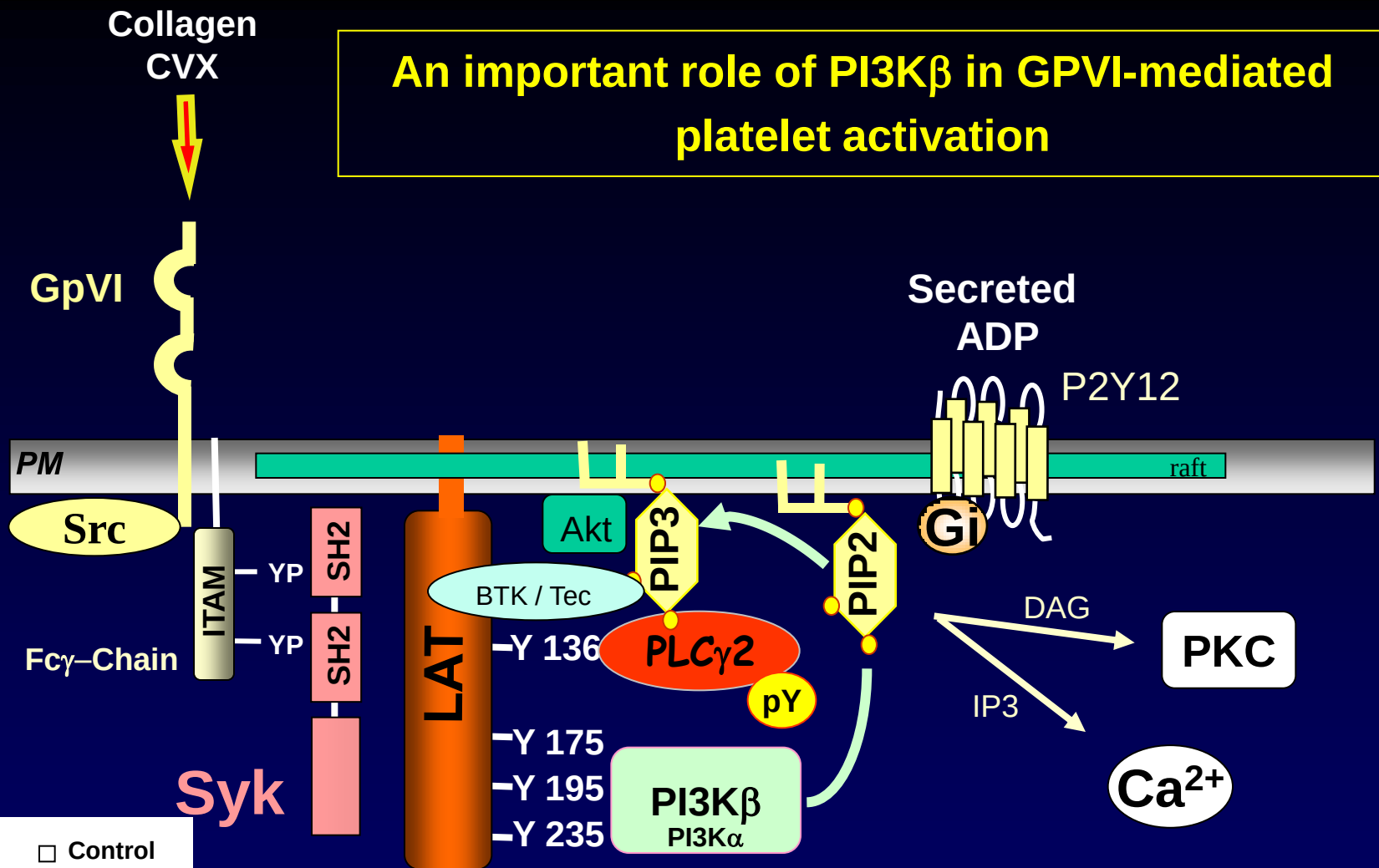
PI3K α

PF4Cre-p110 α ^{lox/lox}



Platelet count and morphology : normal

An important role of PI3K β in GPVI-mediated platelet activation

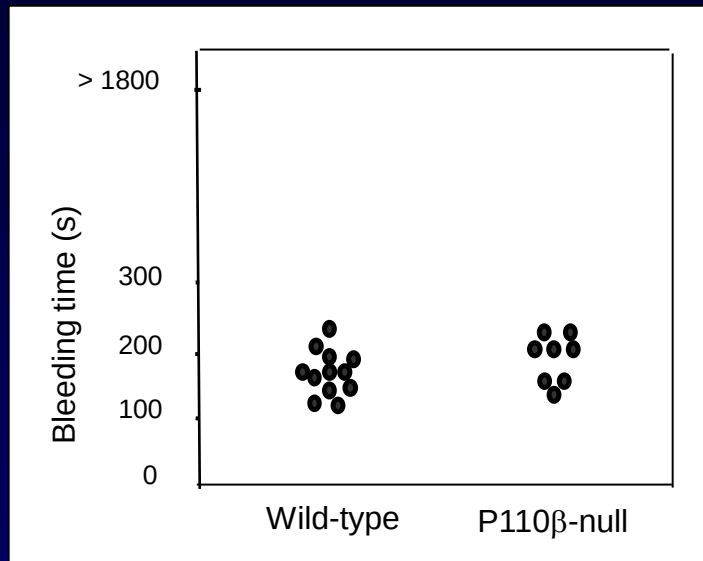


Secretion / Aggregation

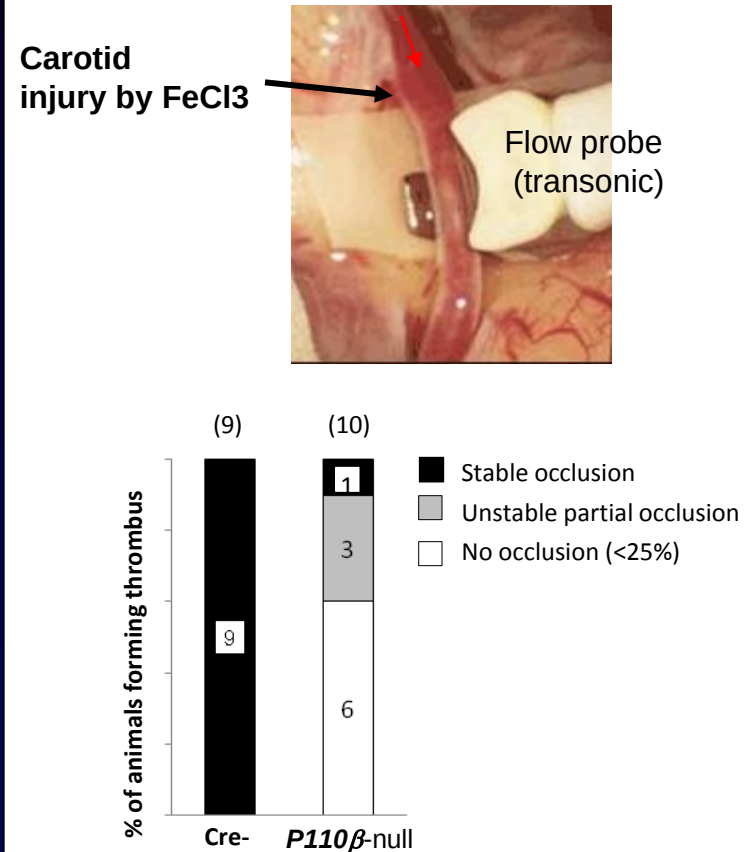
Ragab et al. Blood 2007
Gratacap et al. Blood 2009
Martin et al. Blood 2010

A role for PI3K β in arterial thrombus formation

Tail bleeding time:



Thrombus formation in vivo: (FeCl₃ carotid injury and monitoring of blood flow)



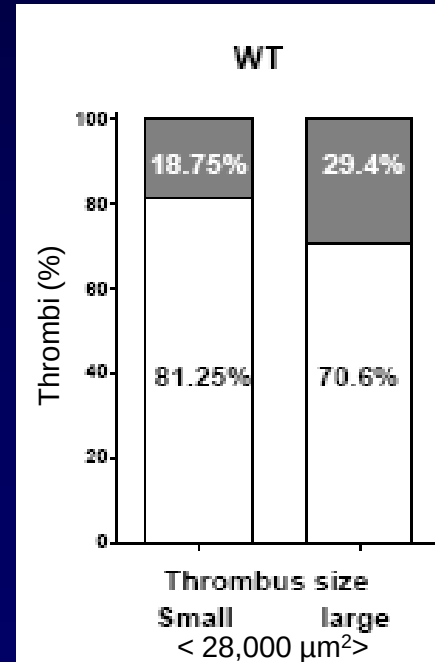
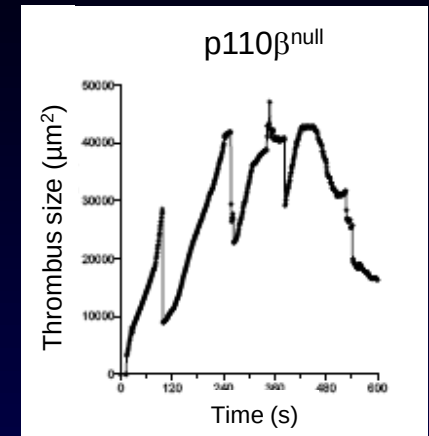
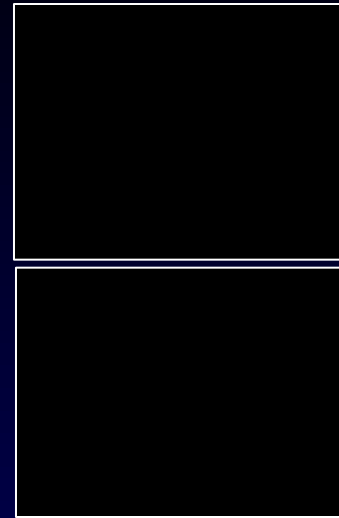
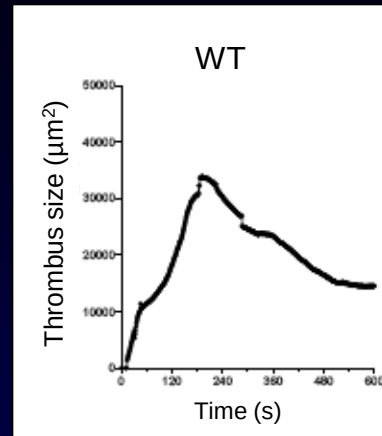
➡ PI3K β -null mice have a normal tail bleeding time but are protected against the formation of occlusive thrombus

PI3K β regulates arterial thrombus stability in vivo

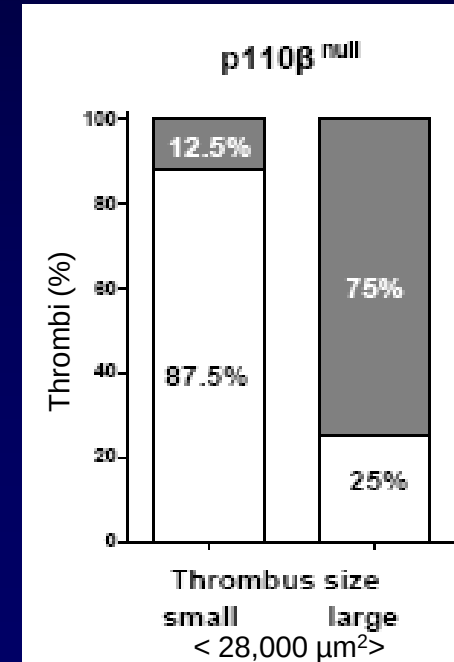
Laser injury of
mesenteric arteriole
and intravital
microscopy :



Quantification :

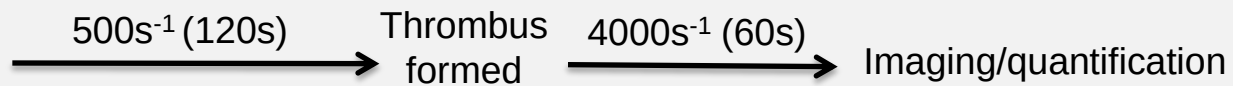
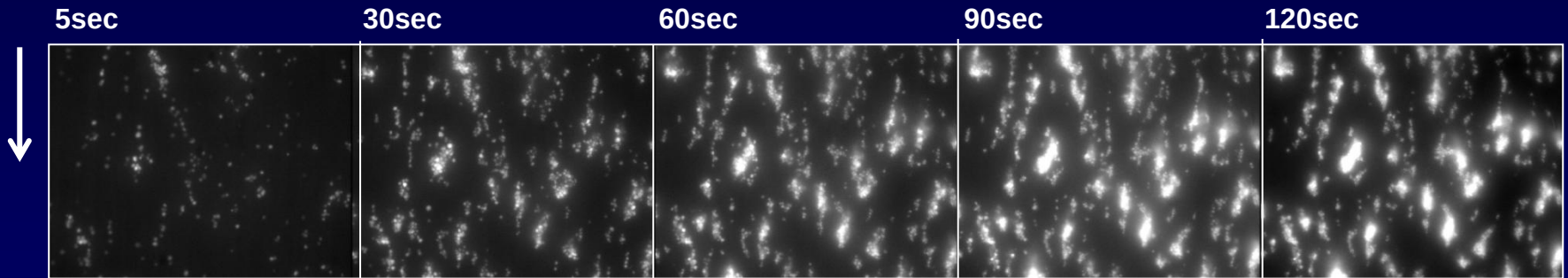
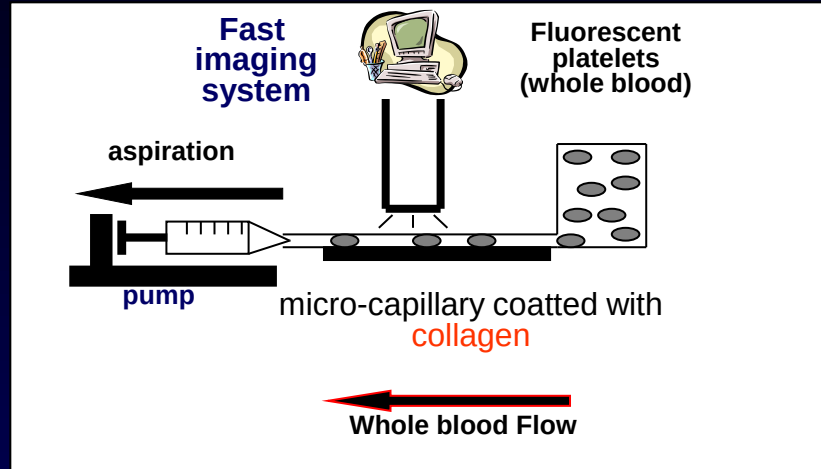


Without emboli
With emboli



Role of the platelet PI3K β in thrombus stability

Microfluidic



PI3K β regulates thrombus stability under high shear rate

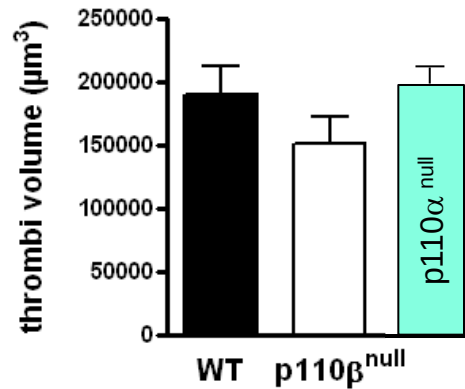
500s⁻¹ (120sec)

Thrombus
formed

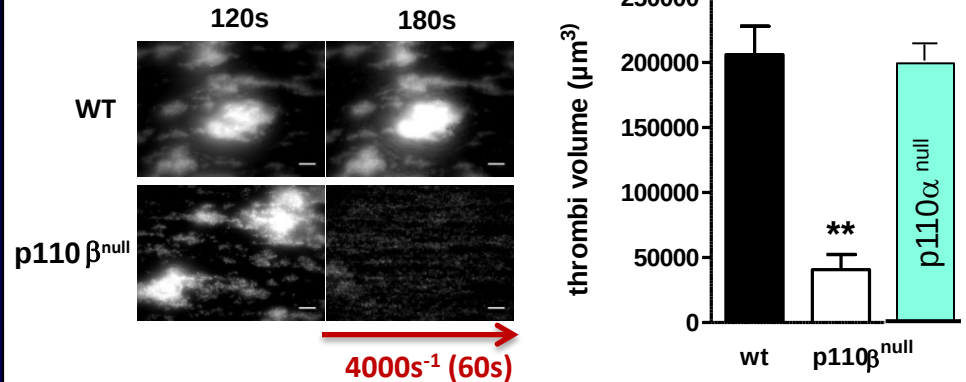
4000s⁻¹ (60s)

Imaging/quantification

Physiological shear (500s⁻¹)

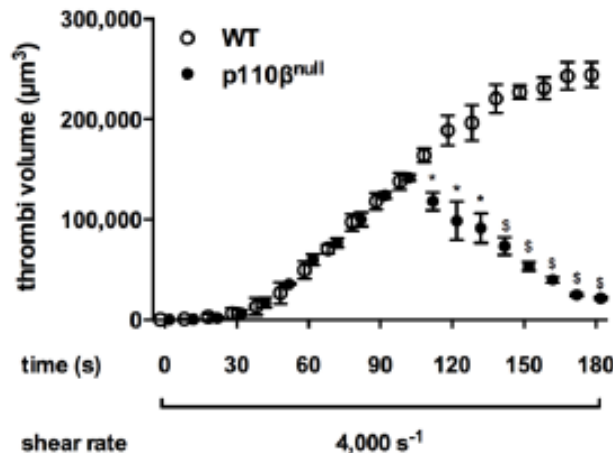


High shear (4000s⁻¹)



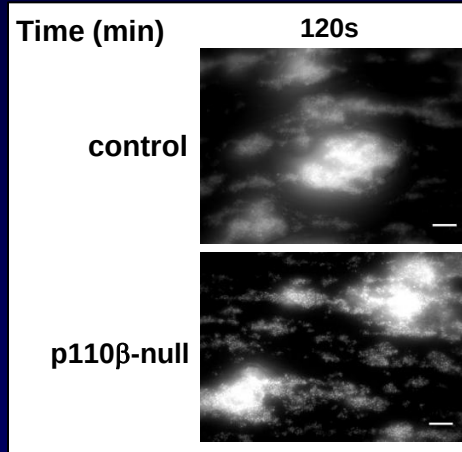
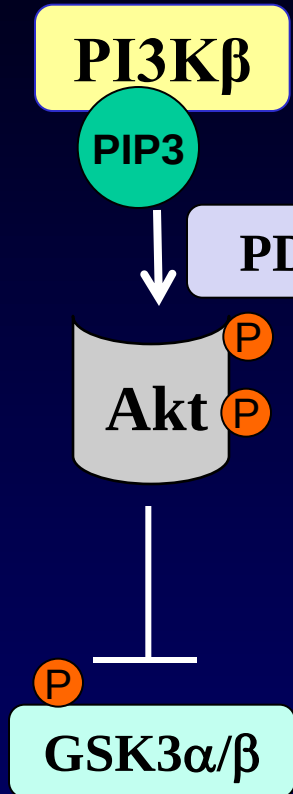
Measurement of
thrombus volume in
real time

High shear (4000s⁻¹)

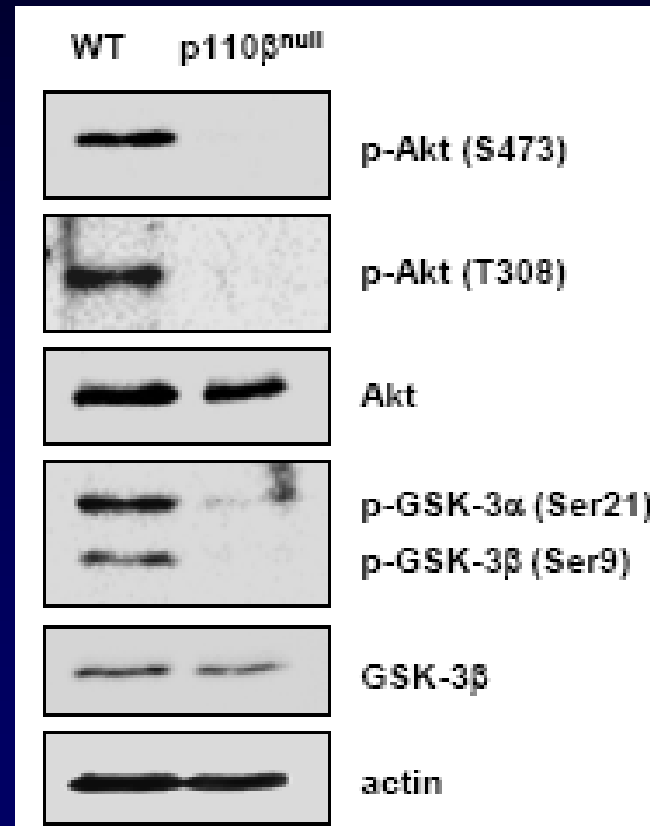


Similar results obtained
with human blood treated
or not with AZD6482

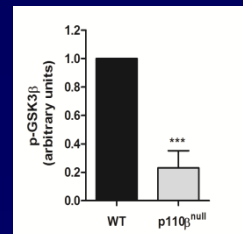
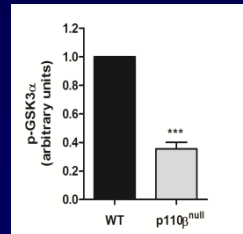
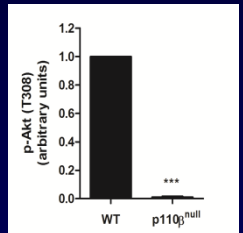
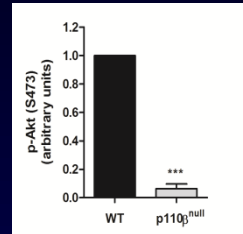
PI3K β is required for GSK3 α/β inhibitory phosphorylation within the thrombus



Flow 500s⁻¹
(2 min)

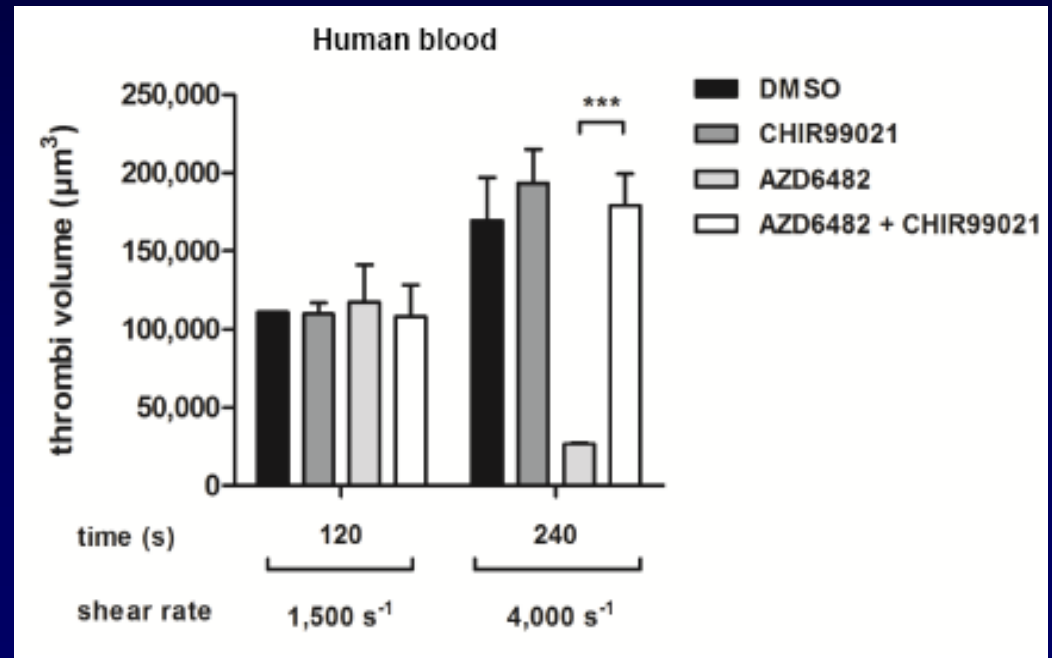
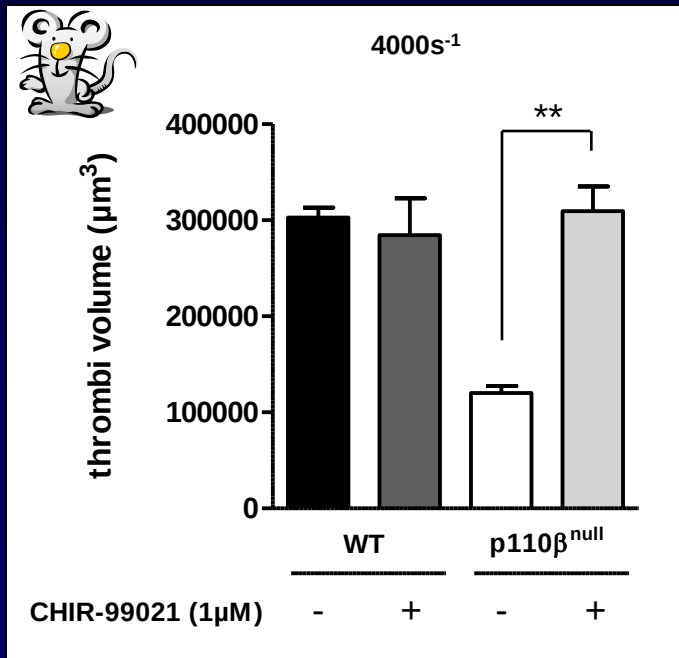


Quantification

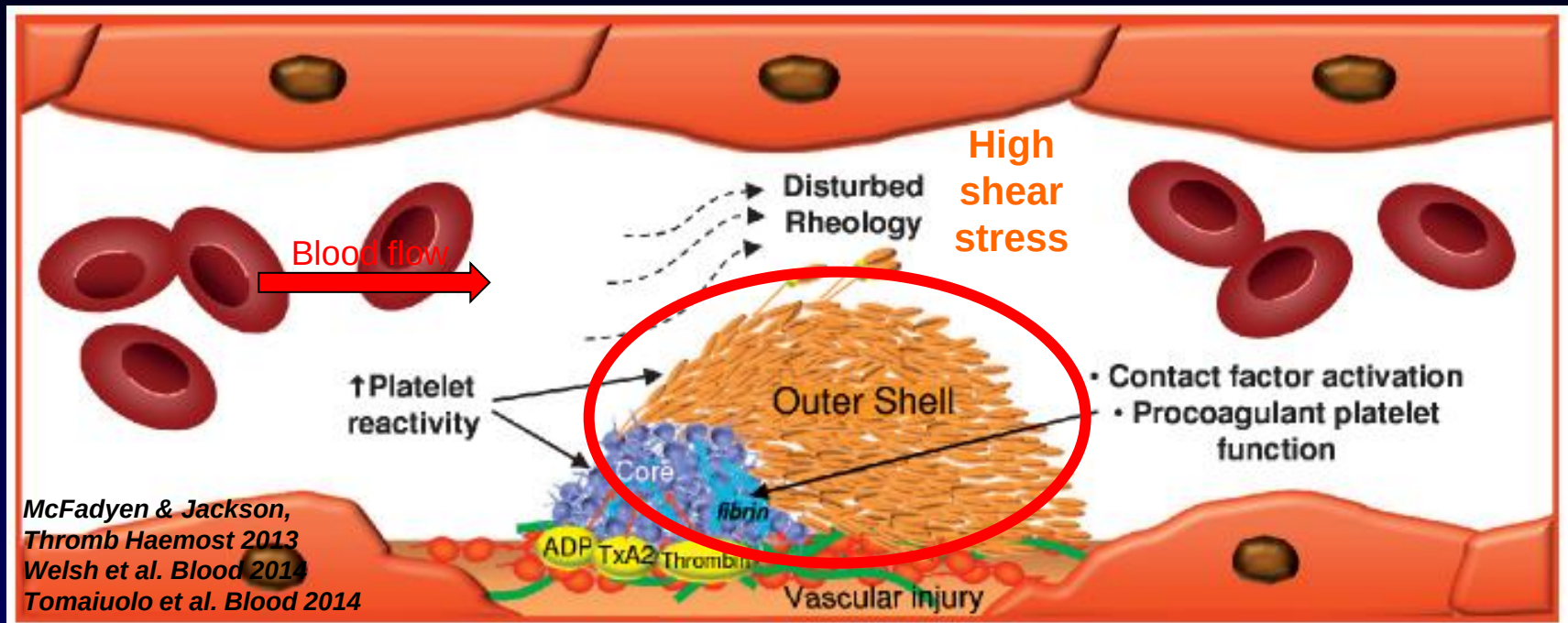


Inhibition of GSK3 restores thrombus stability of PI3K β null platelet mice under high shear stress

Thrombus formed at 500s⁻¹ or 1500s⁻¹ (2 min) $\xrightarrow[4000s^{-1} \text{ (1 min)}]{\text{blue arrow}}$ Imaging/quantification



Thrombus growth and stability is a highly structured and dynamic process: role of PI3K β

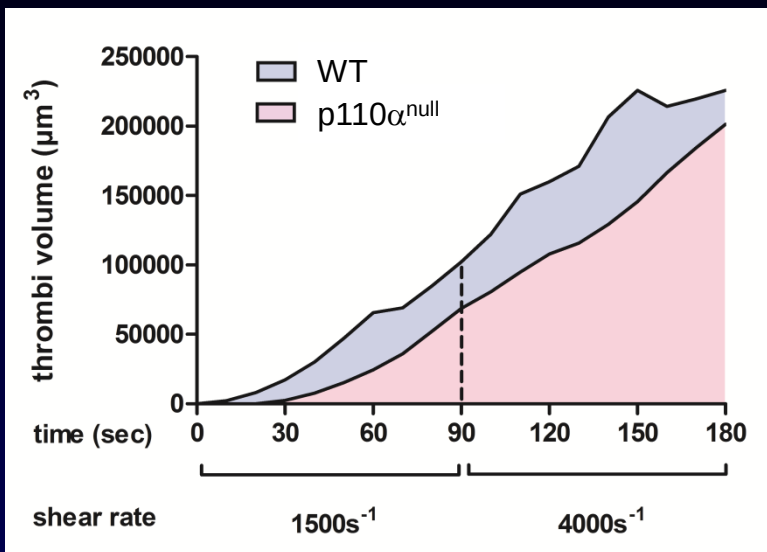


➡ PI3K β regulates thrombus stability at high (pathological) shear rate.

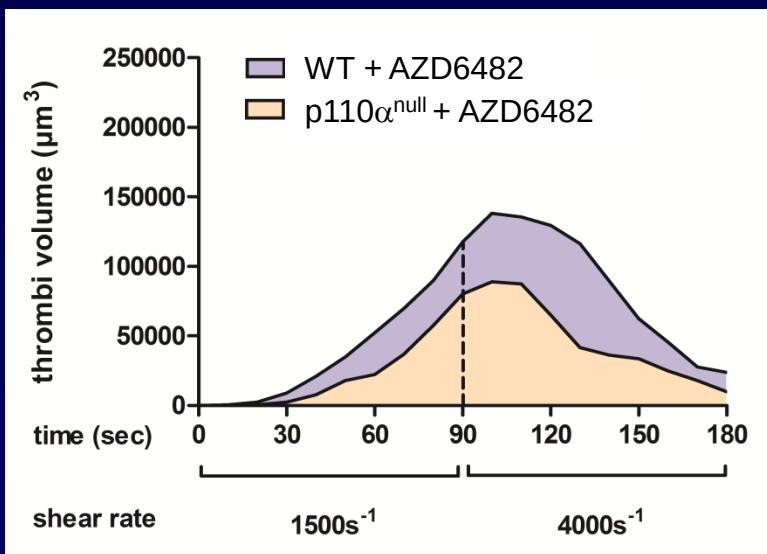
- PI3K β is involved in mechano-transduction /sensing and thrombus porosity
- Potential antithrombotic target : decrease the thrombotic risk without increasing the bleeding risk **but** possible distal embolization.

Are PI3K α and PI3K β redundant in the regulation of platelet functions ?

Role of PI3K α (but not PI3K β) in platelet rolling and adhesion on vWF *ex vivo*



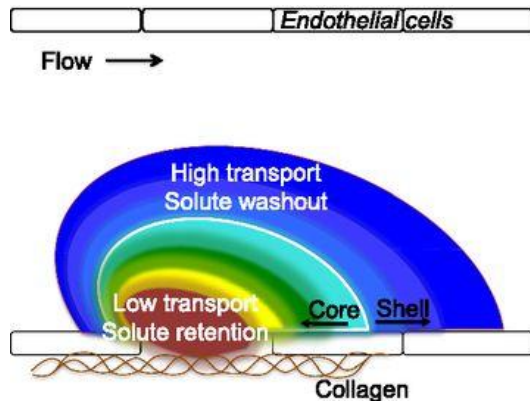
WT



$\text{p110}\alpha^{\text{null}}$

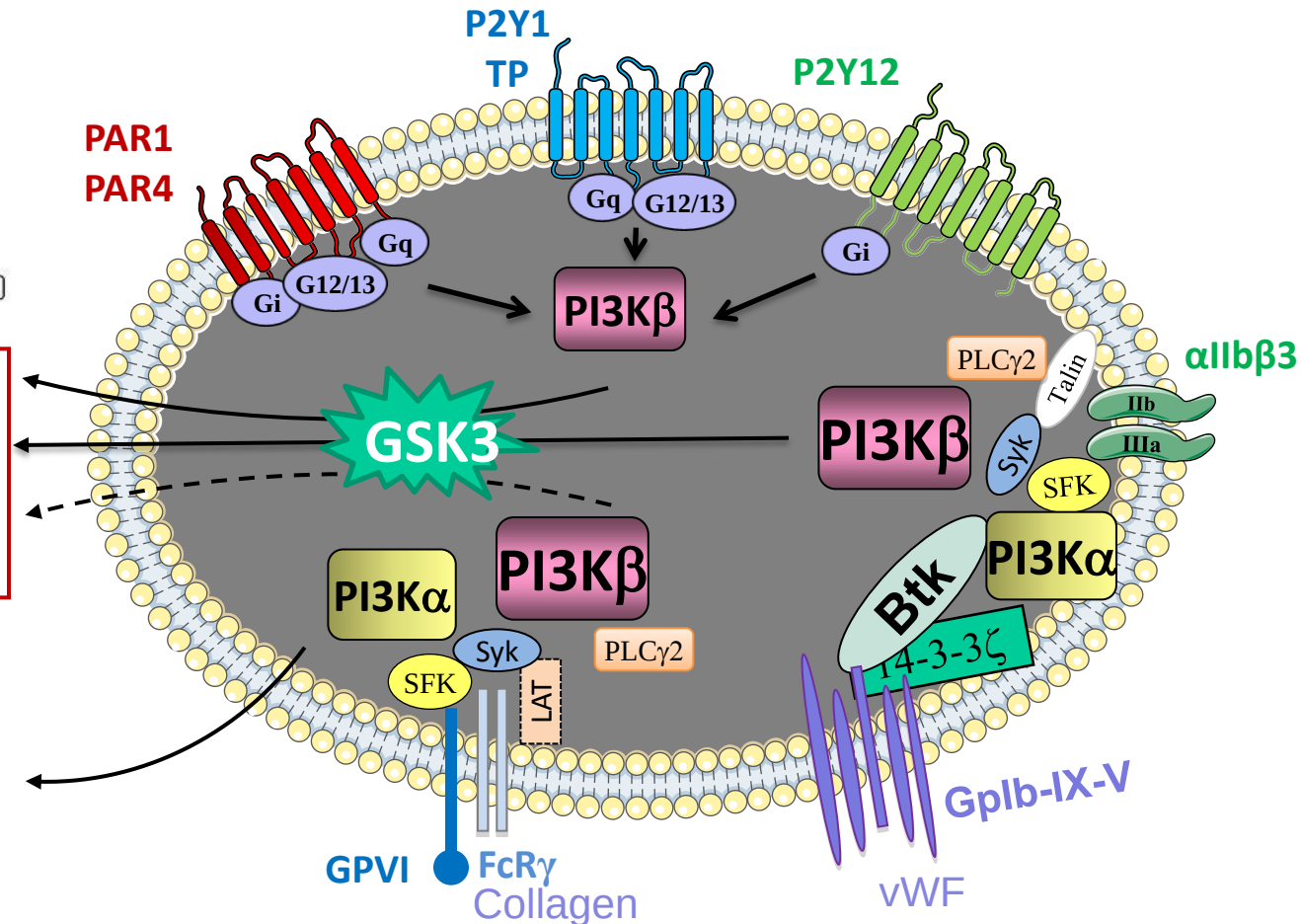


PI3K α and PI3K β have distinct and important roles in platelet activation and thrombus stability



**Thrombus stability
at high shear rate
(mechano-transduction /
sensing)**

Thrombus growth



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Plateforme de lipidomique (I2MC)

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